

Adjoint logic with a 2-category of modes

Dan Licata

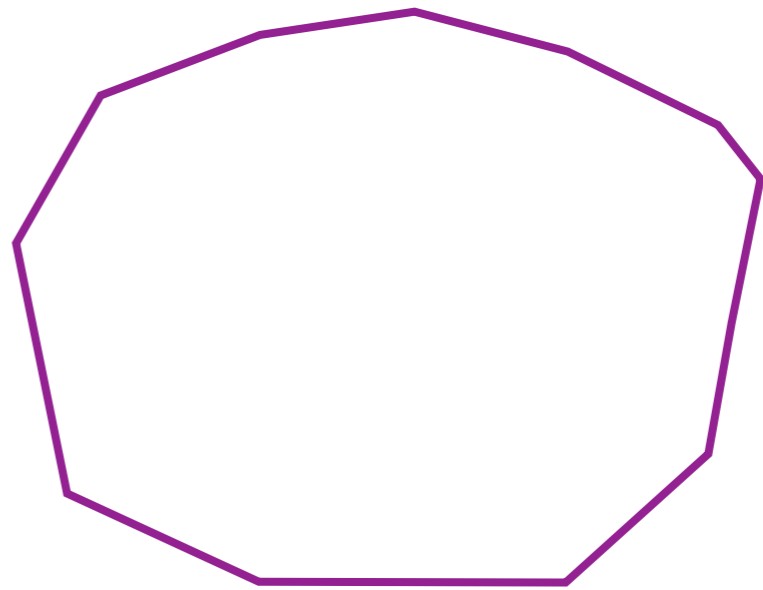
Wesleyan University

Michael Shulman

University of San Diego

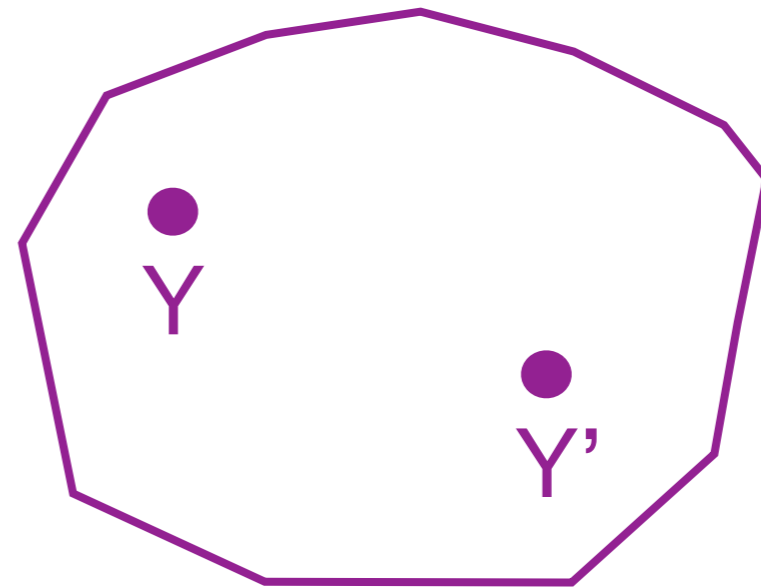
Adjunctions

D



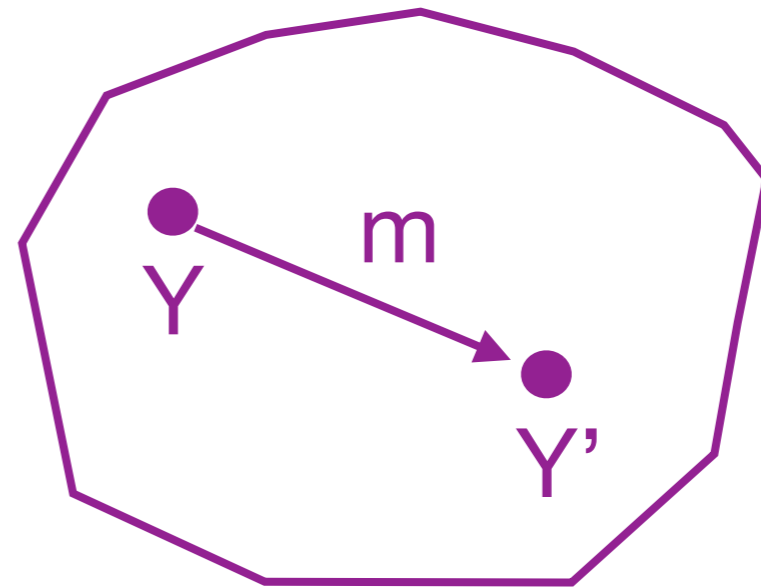
Adjunctions

D



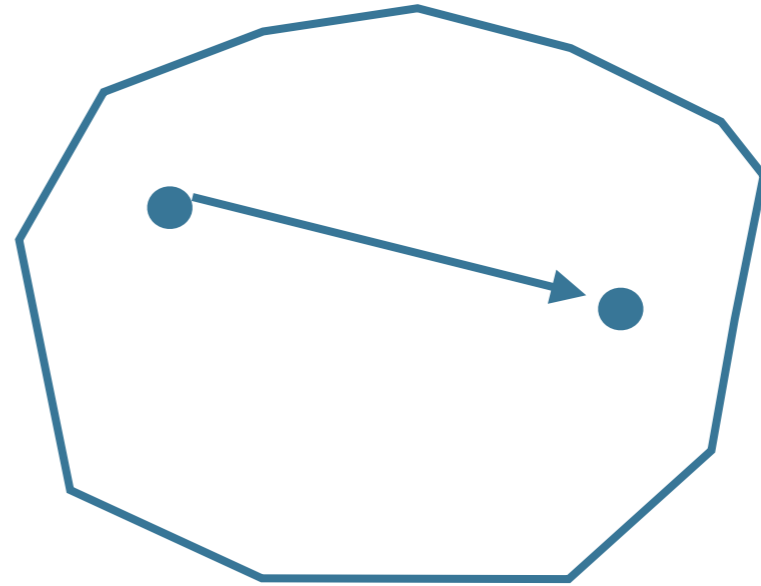
Adjunctions

D

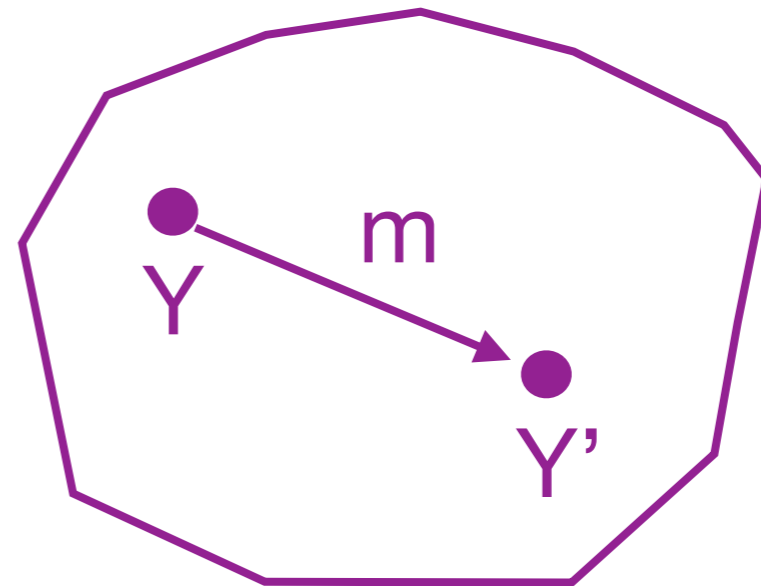


Adjunctions

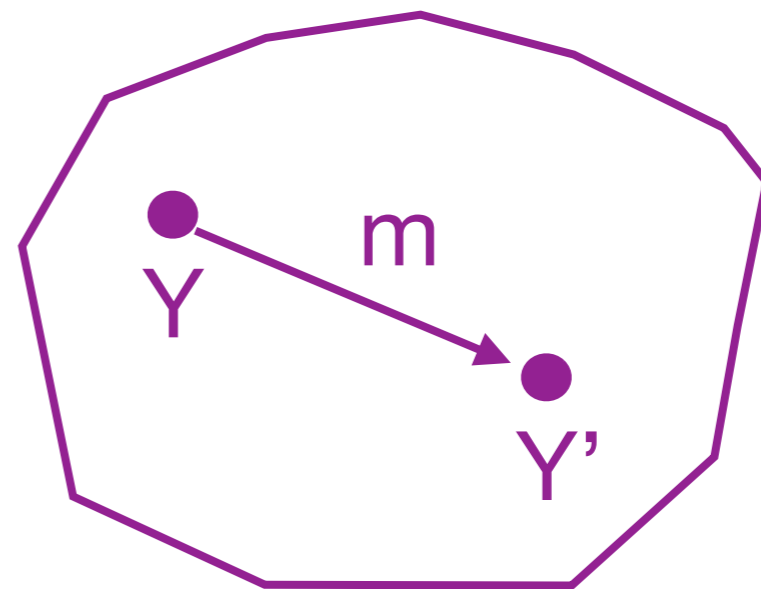
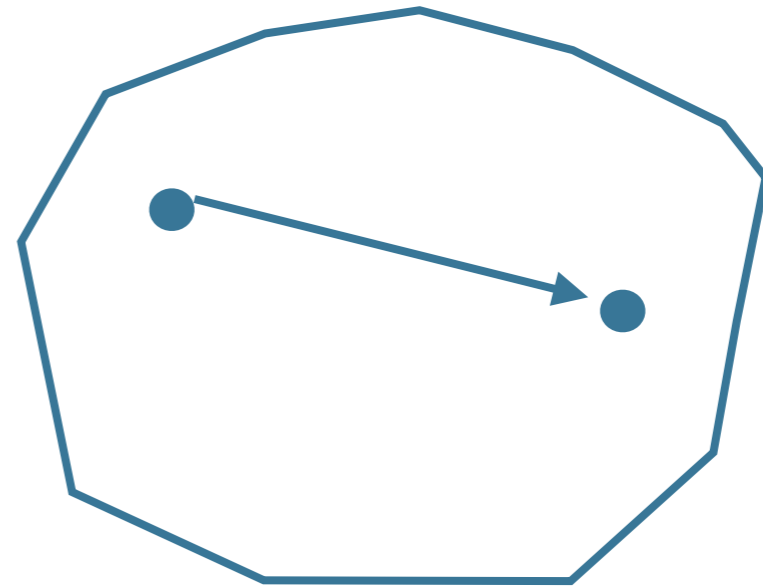
C



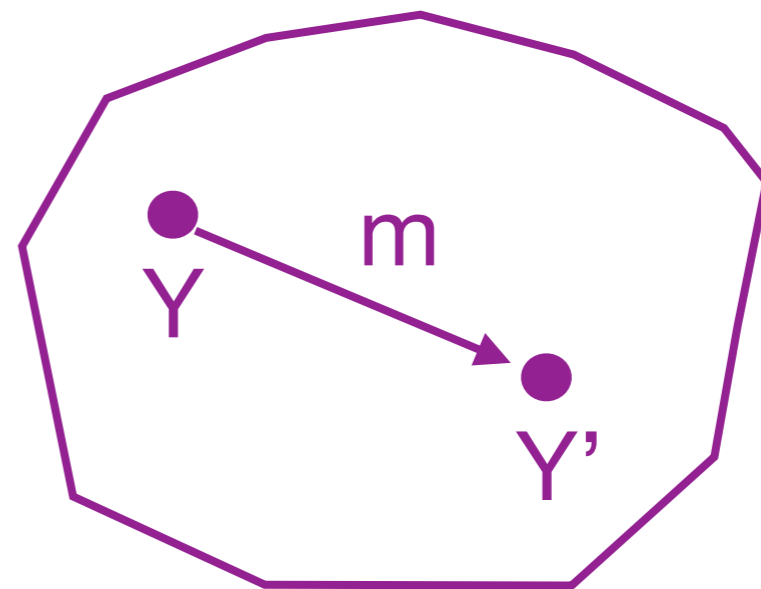
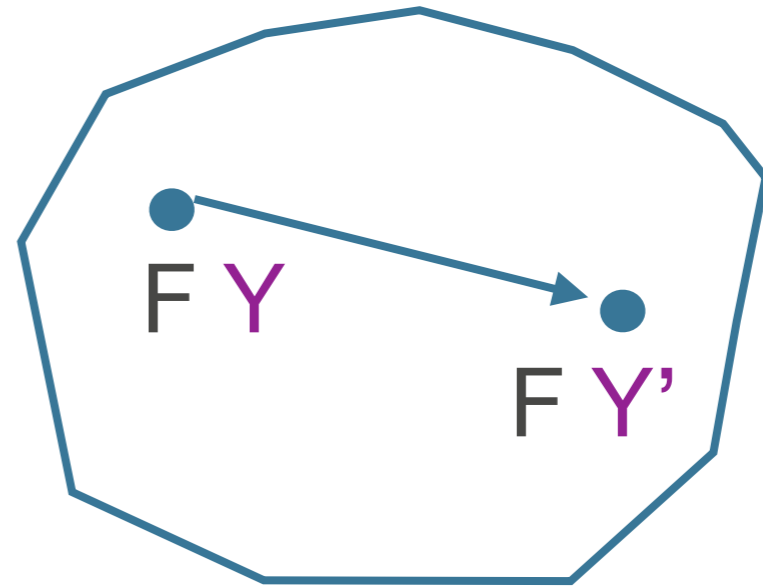
D



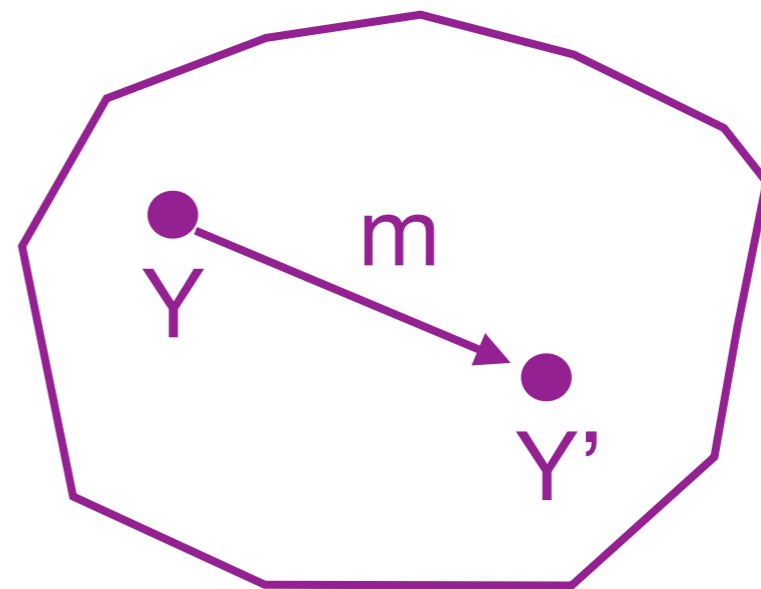
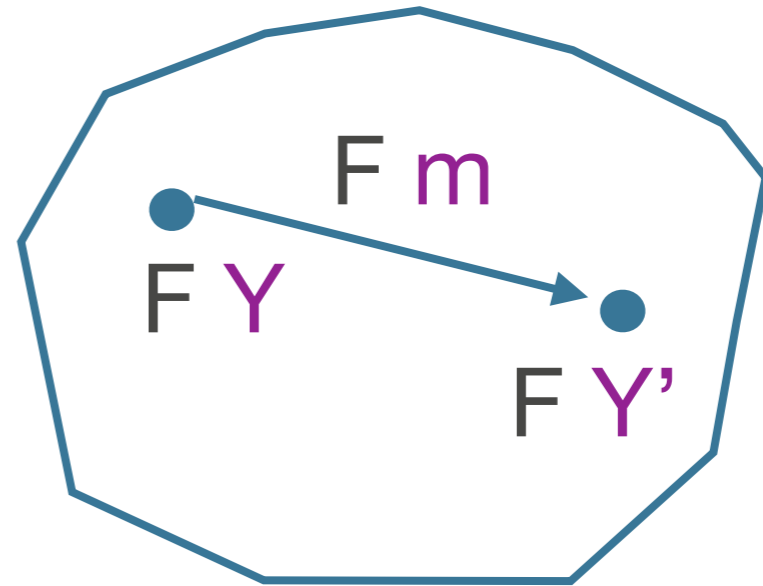
Adjunctions



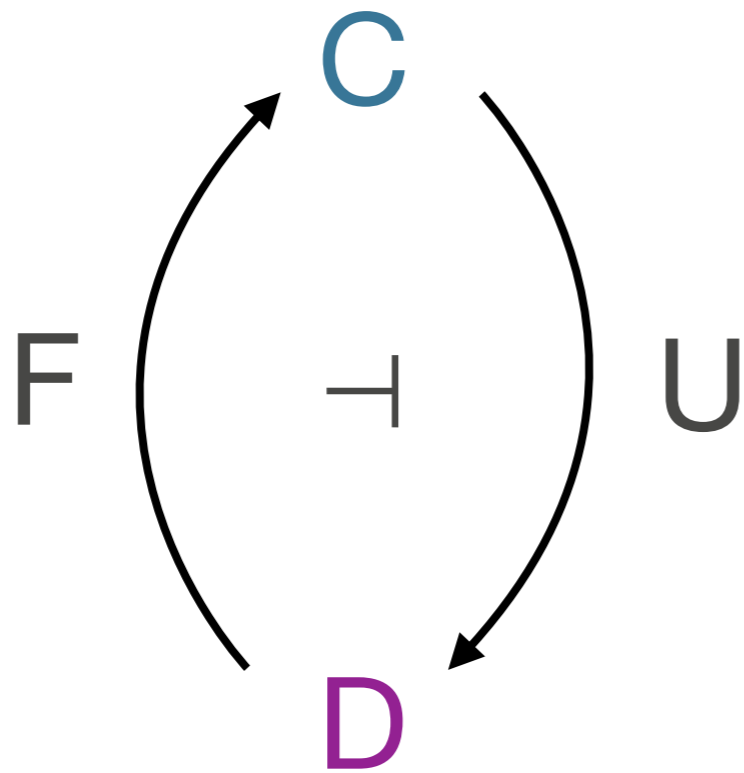
Adjunctions



Adjunctions



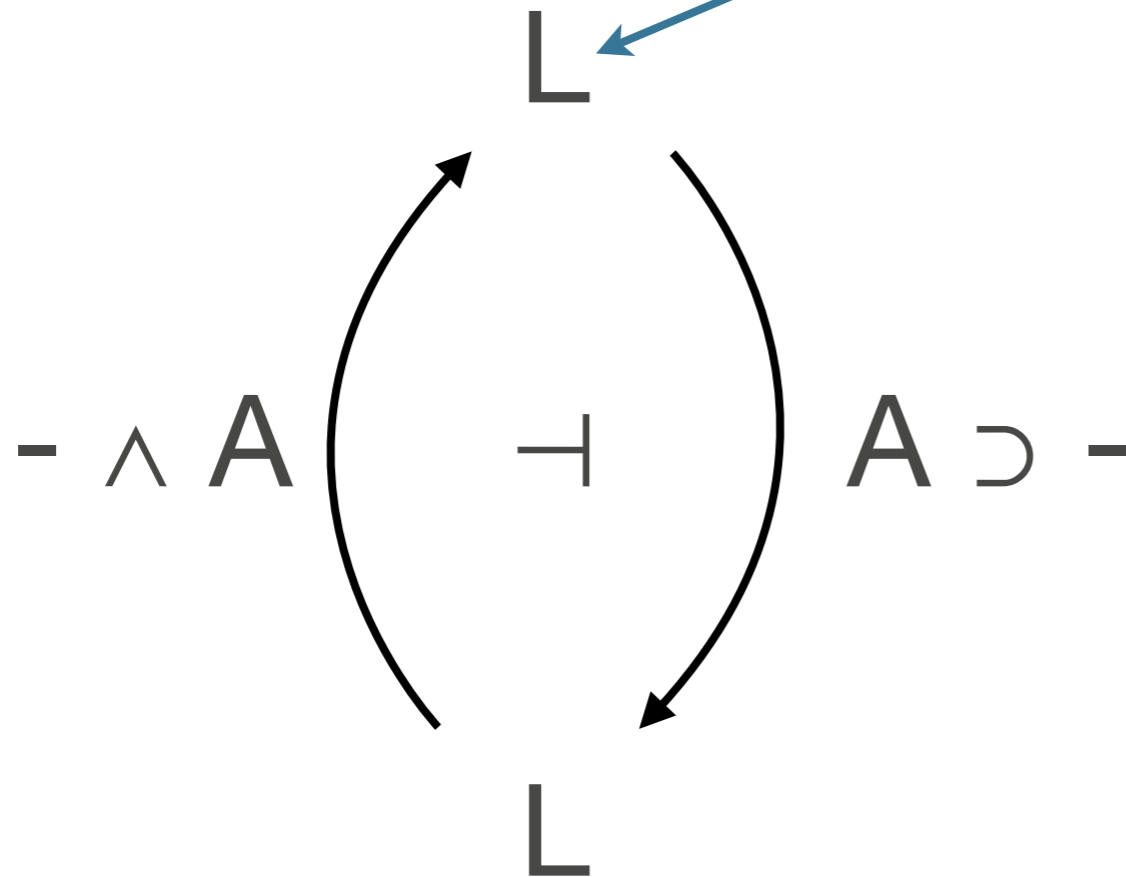
Adjunctions



$$\frac{F Y \rightarrow_C X}{Y \rightarrow_D U X}$$

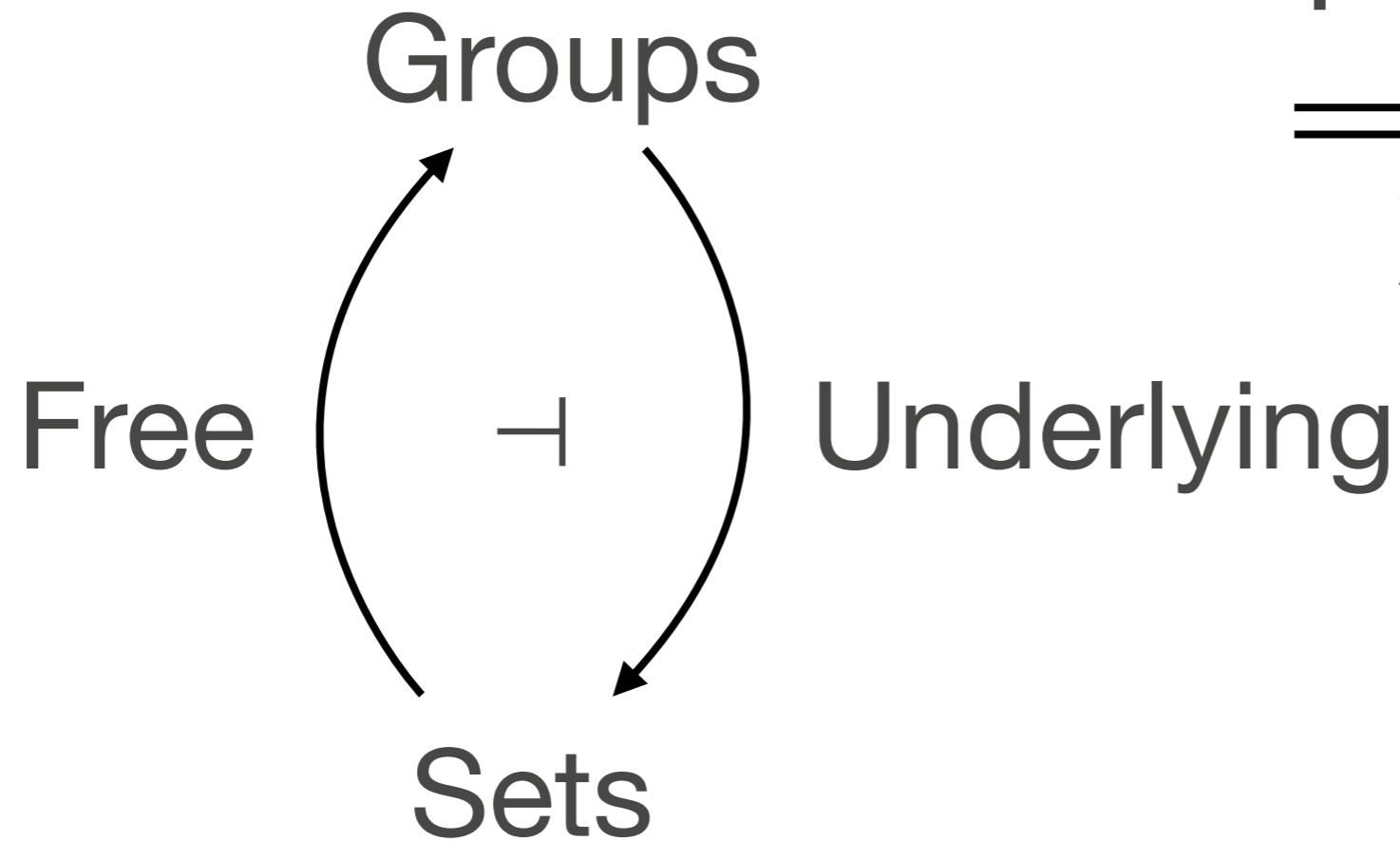
Adjunctions

objects are proposition,
morphisms are proofs



$$\frac{\Gamma \wedge A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \supset B}$$

Adjunctions



$$\frac{F X \rightarrow \text{Groups } Y}{X \rightarrow \text{Sets } U Y}$$

Proof theory for adjunctions

Proof theory for adjunctions

- ✱ Connections to modal/linear logic:
 - $A := FU A$ is a comonad/necessitation
 - $A := UF A$ is a monad/possibility

Proof theory for adjunctions

- ✱ Connections to modal/linear logic:
 - $A := FU A$ is a comonad/necessitation
 - $A := UF A$ is a monad/possibility
- ✱ Synthetic mathematics: use logic and type theory to describe categories of interest; formalize math in proof assistants

Cohesive HoTT [Schreiber, Shulman]

synthetic homotopy theory
as in homotopy type theory

**use types in MLTT to
describe homotopy types**

Cohesive HoTT [Schreiber, Shulman]

synthetic homotopy theory
as in homotopy type theory

+

synthetic topology
as in *axiomatic cohesion*

**use types in MLTT to
describe homotopy types**

**can also talk about
topological or
differentiable structure**

Cohesive HoTT [Schreiber, Shulman]

synthetic homotopy theory
as in homotopy type theory

+

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**use types in MLTT to
describe homotopy types**

**can also talk about
topological or
differentiable structure**

- * relate “native” HoTT circle to $\{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 = 1\}$
- * theoretical physics

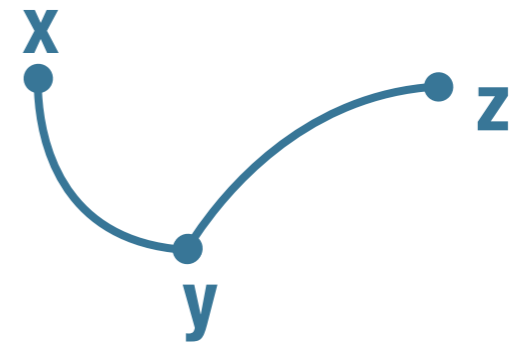
Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]

Sets

$\{x,y,z\}$

Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]

Spaces



Sets

$\{x,y,z\}$

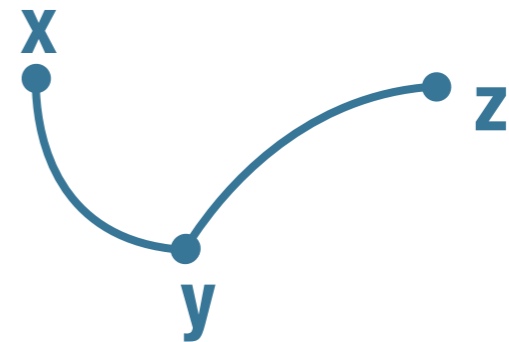
Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]

Spaces



Γ

Sets



$\{x,y,z\}$

Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]

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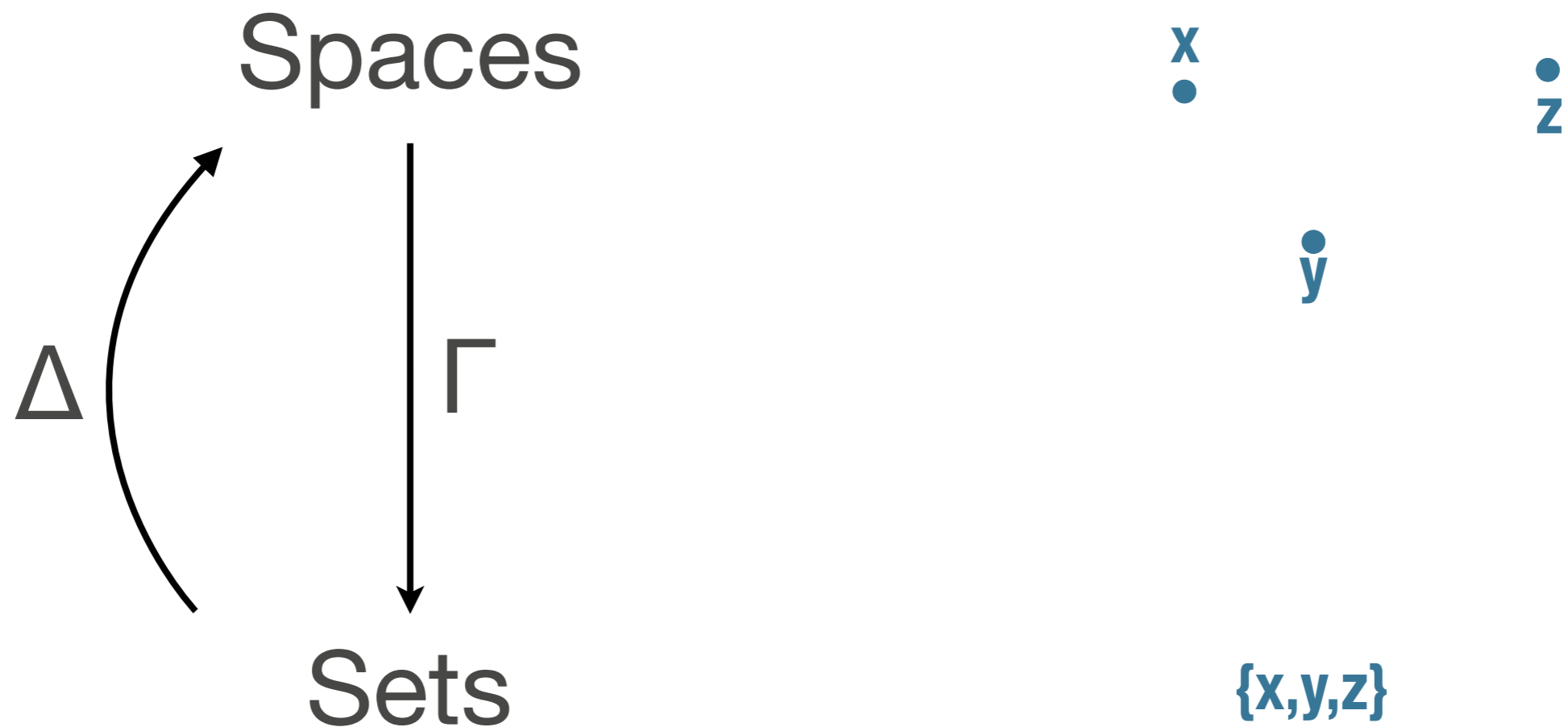


Γ

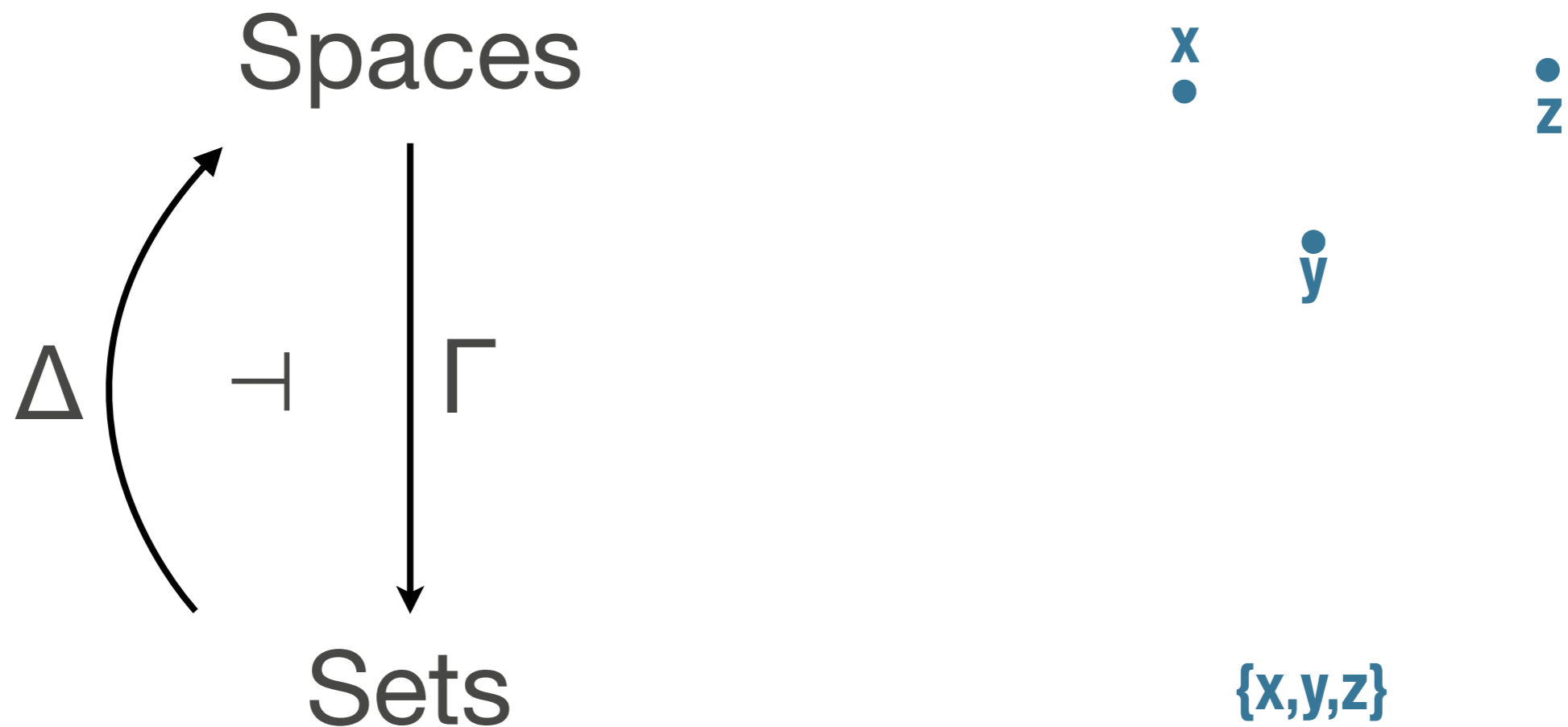
Sets

$\{x,y,z\}$

Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]



Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]



$$\Delta X \rightarrow \text{Spaces } S$$



$$X \rightarrow \text{Sets } \Gamma S$$

Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]

Spaces



Γ

Sets

$\{x,y,z\}$

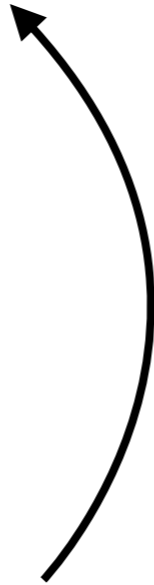
Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]

Spaces

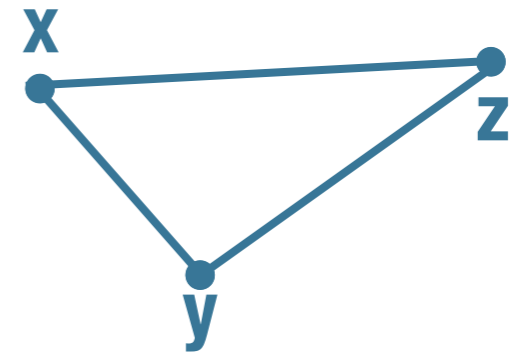


Γ

Sets



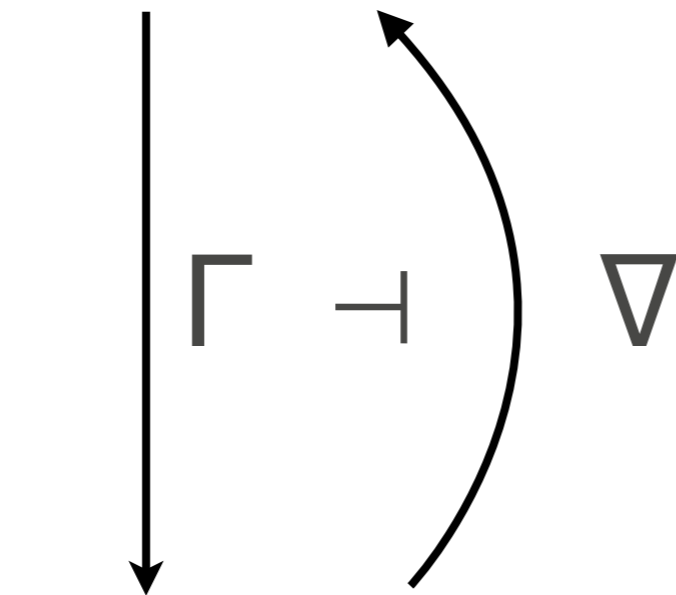
∇



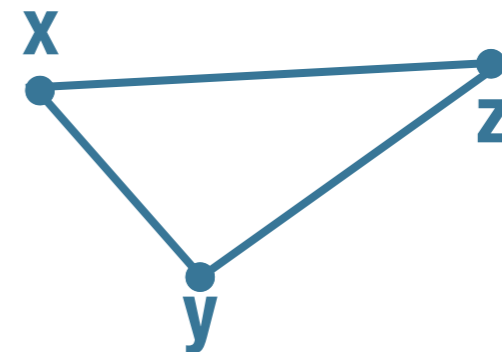
$\{x,y,z\}$

Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]

Spaces



Sets

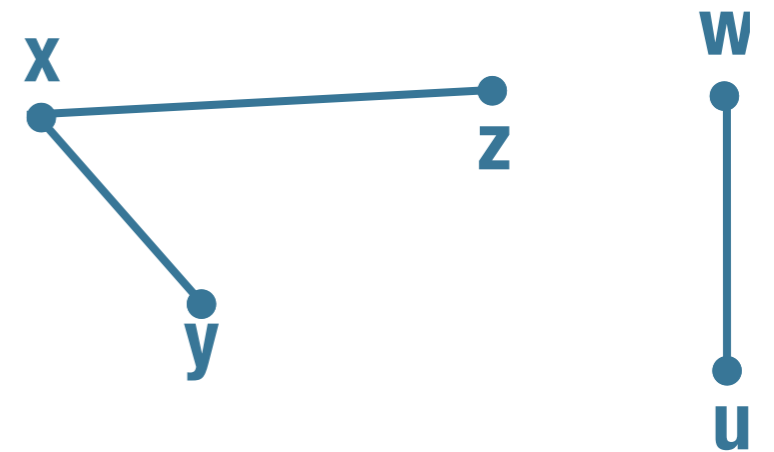
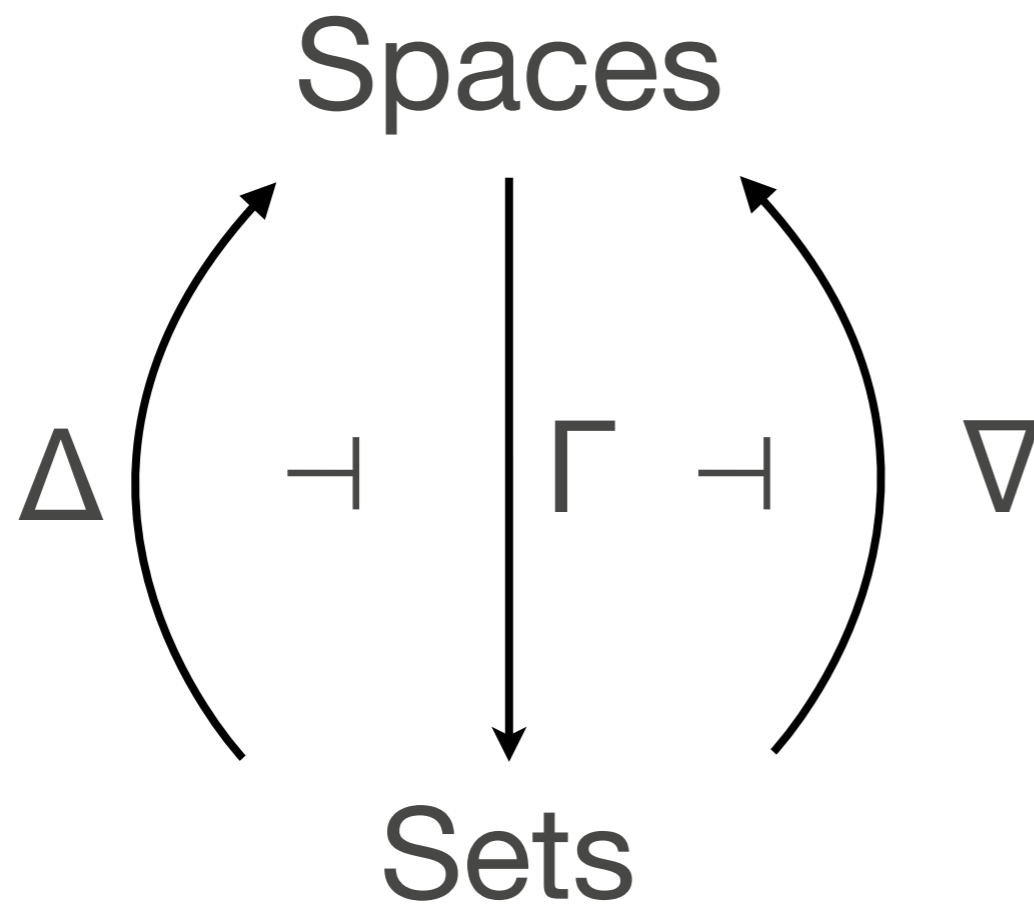


$\{x,y,z\}$

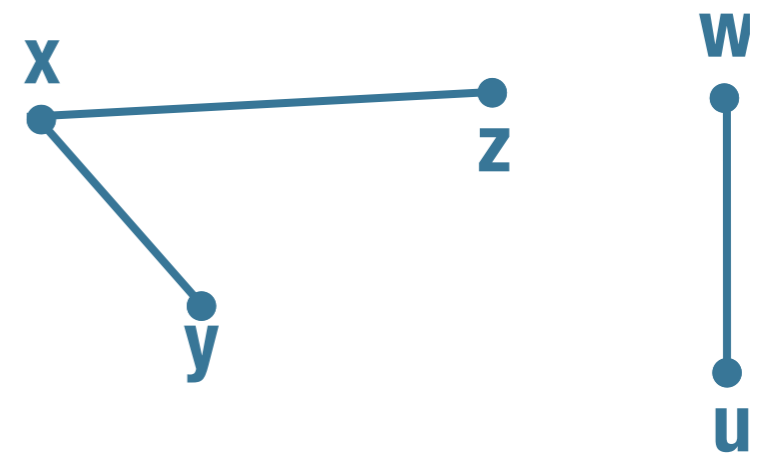
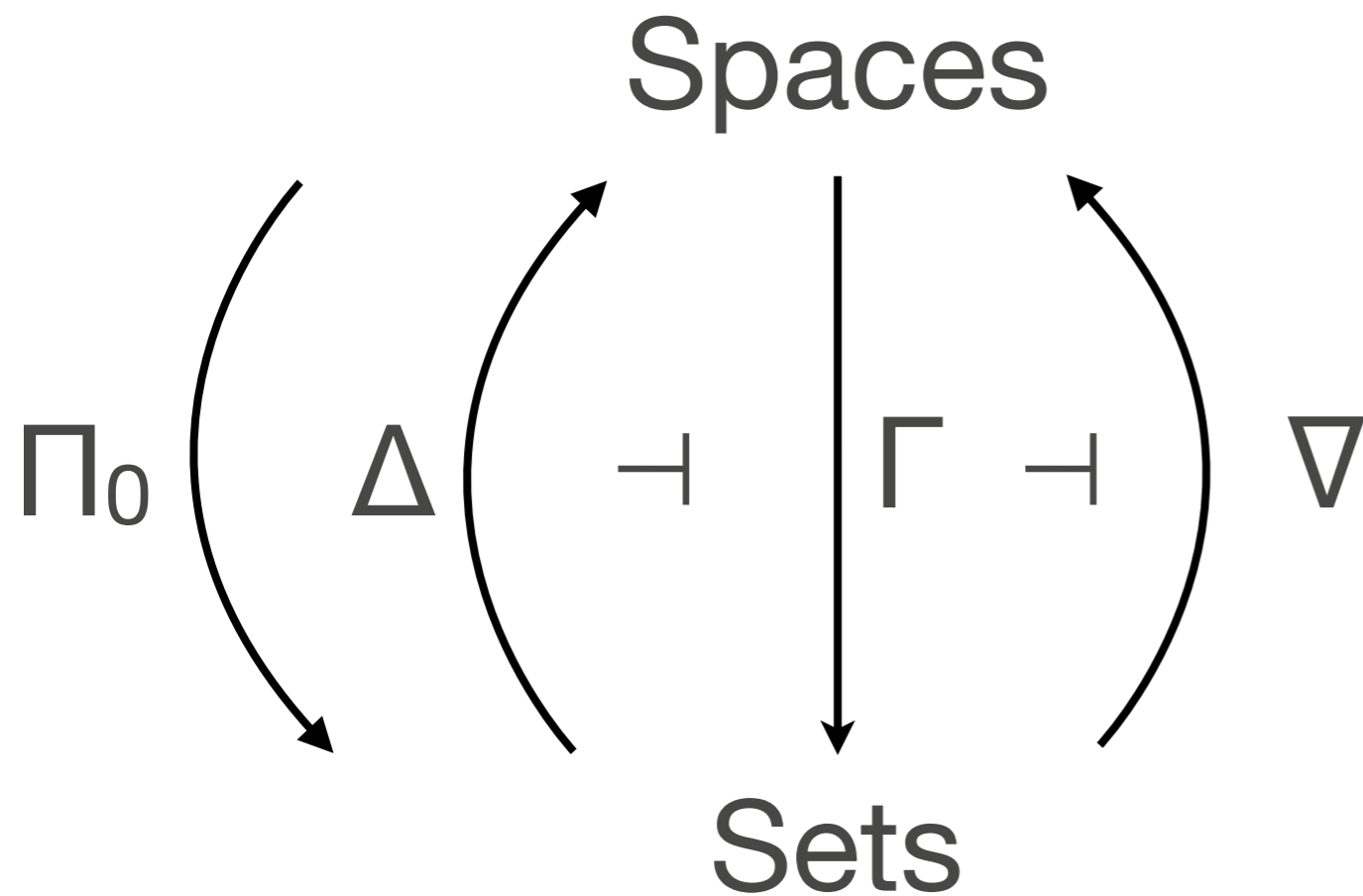
$$S \rightarrow \text{Spaces} \quad \nabla \quad Y$$

$$\Gamma \quad S \rightarrow \text{Sets} \quad Y$$

Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]

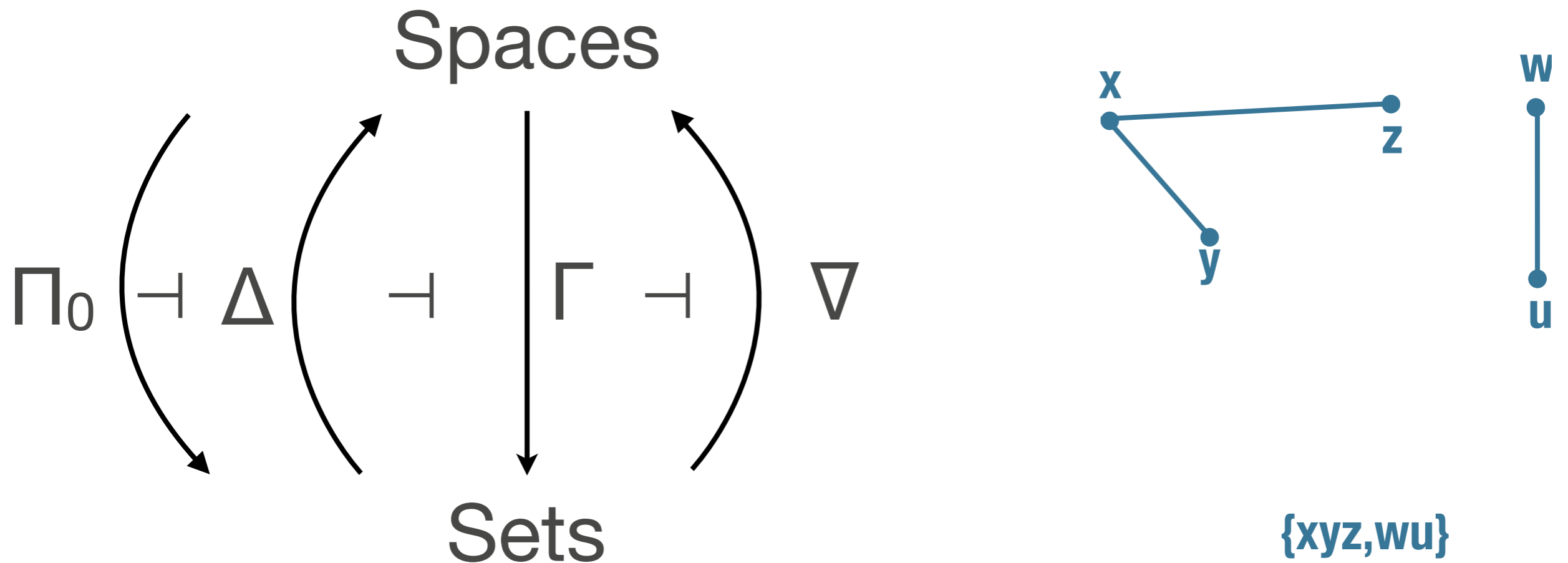


Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]



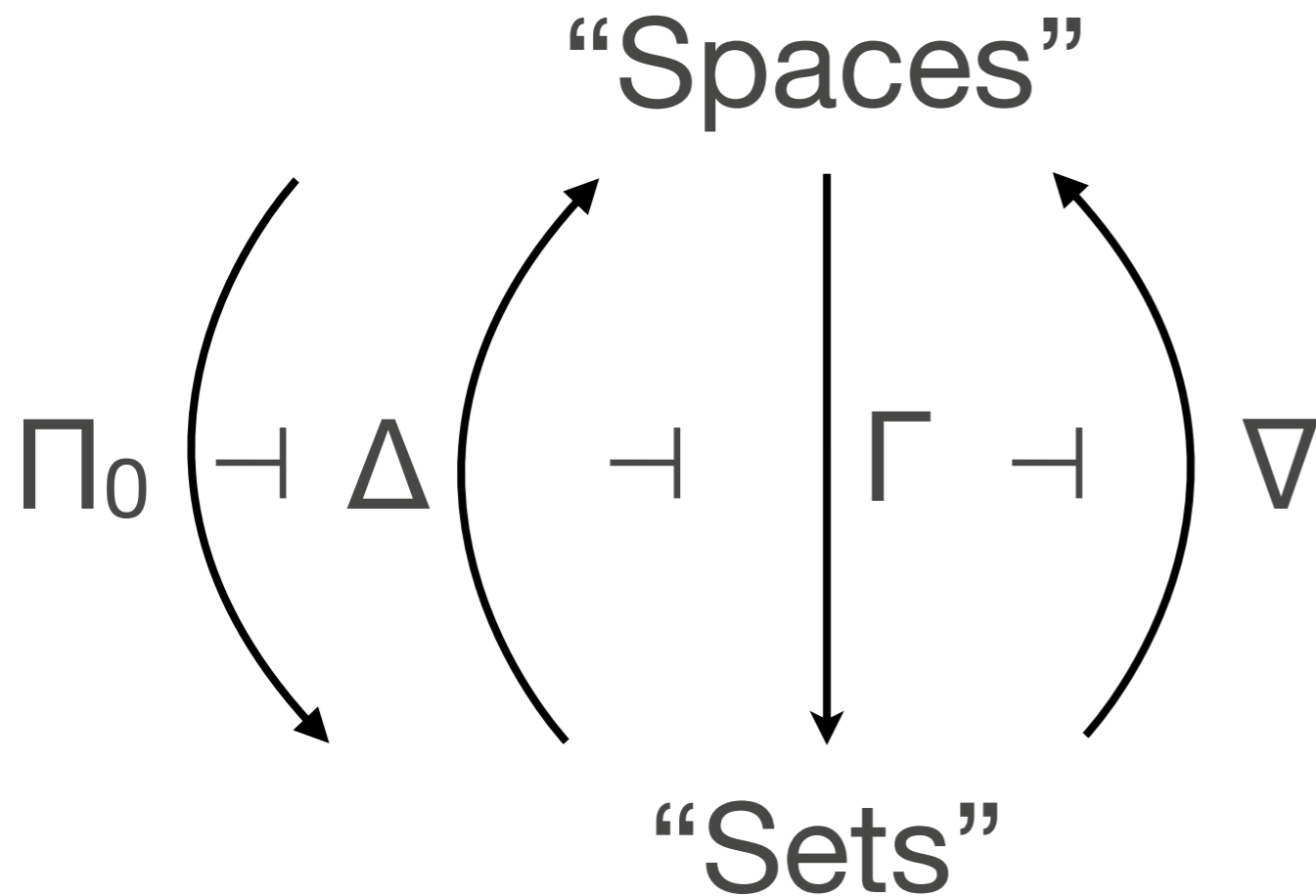
$\{xyz, wu\}$

Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]



$$\frac{S \rightarrow \text{Spaces} \Delta Y}{\Pi_0 S \rightarrow \text{Sets} Y}$$

Axiomatic cohesion [Lawvere]



Abstraction/interface for:

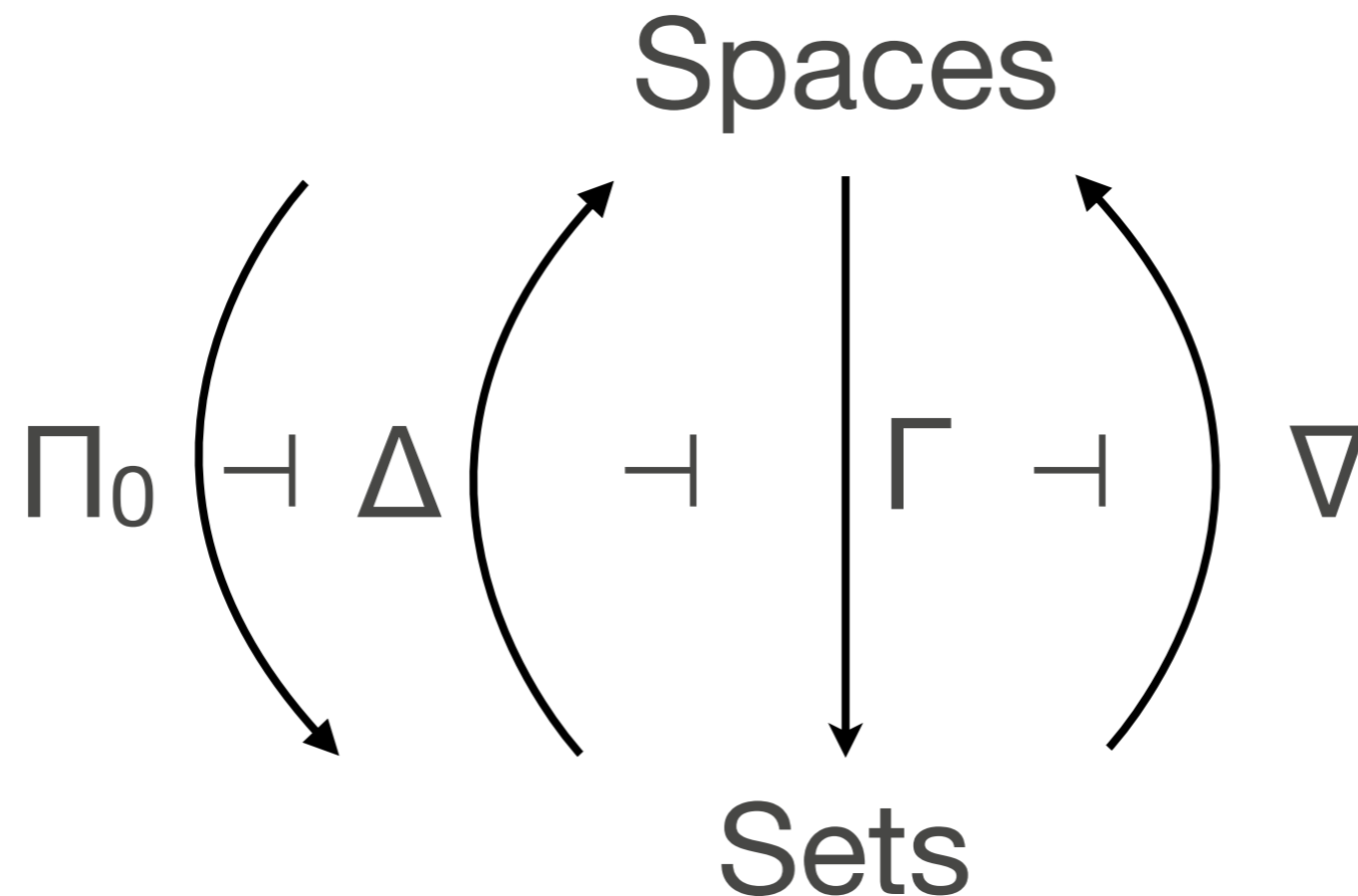
* topology

* smooth/differentiable

* ...

Type theory has $A \wedge B$, $A \supset B$, Bool, etc.

Need logical connectives for



Proof theory of adjunctions

- ✱ Benton '94, Benton and Wadler '96:
adjunction between linear and structural logics,
decompose ! as FU and \circ as UF
- ✱ Reed '09: generalize to a **preorder** of modes,
decompose Pfenning-Davies \square , \circ , \diamond ,
c.f. multimodal logics and subexponentials

**Mode signature
(preorder)**

Modes of props + Connectives

**Mode signature
(preorder)**

p

Modes of props + Connectives

p

Mode signature (preorder)

p

q

r

Modes of props + Connectives

p

q

r

Mode signature (preorder)

p



q

r

Modes of props + Connectives

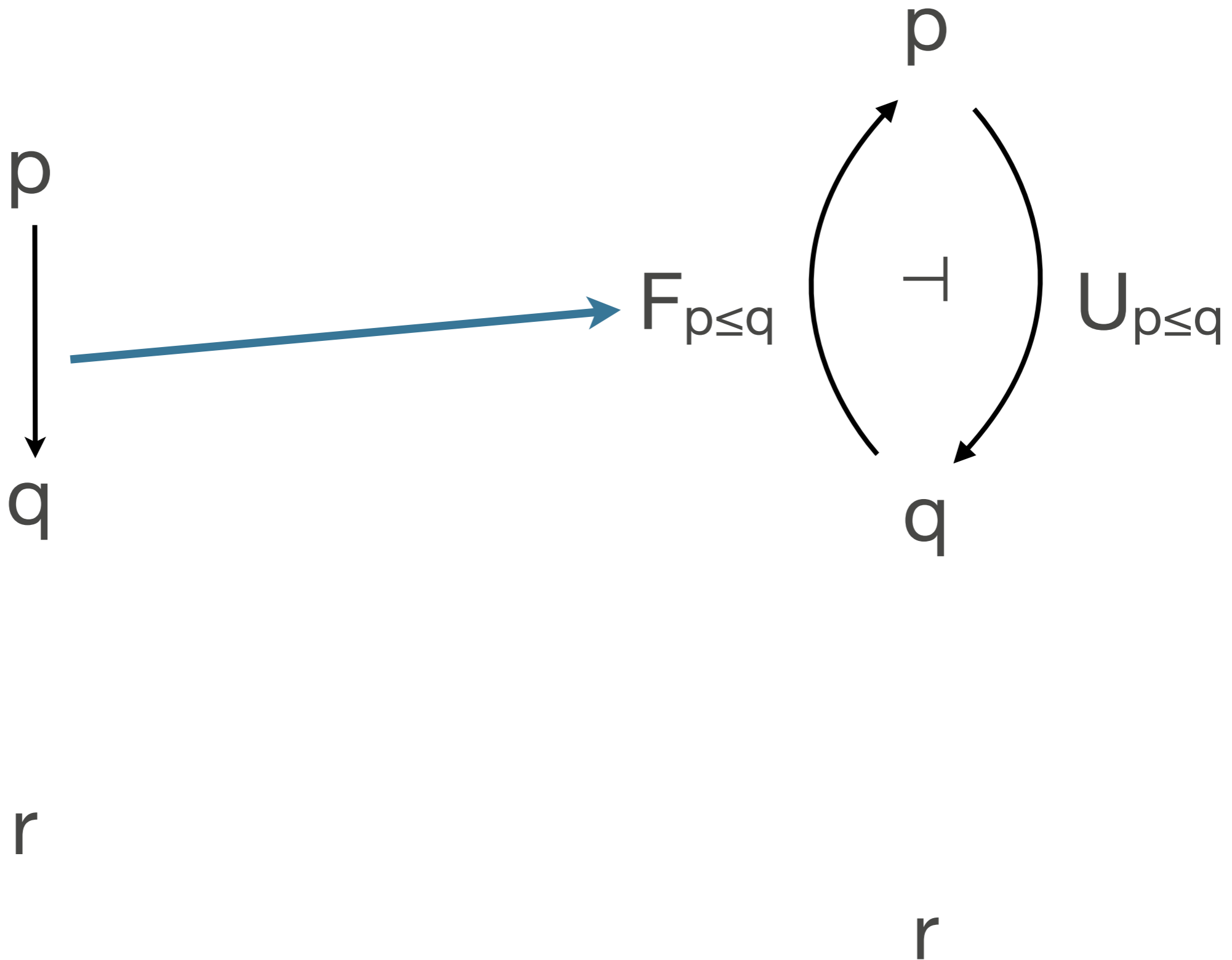
p

q

r

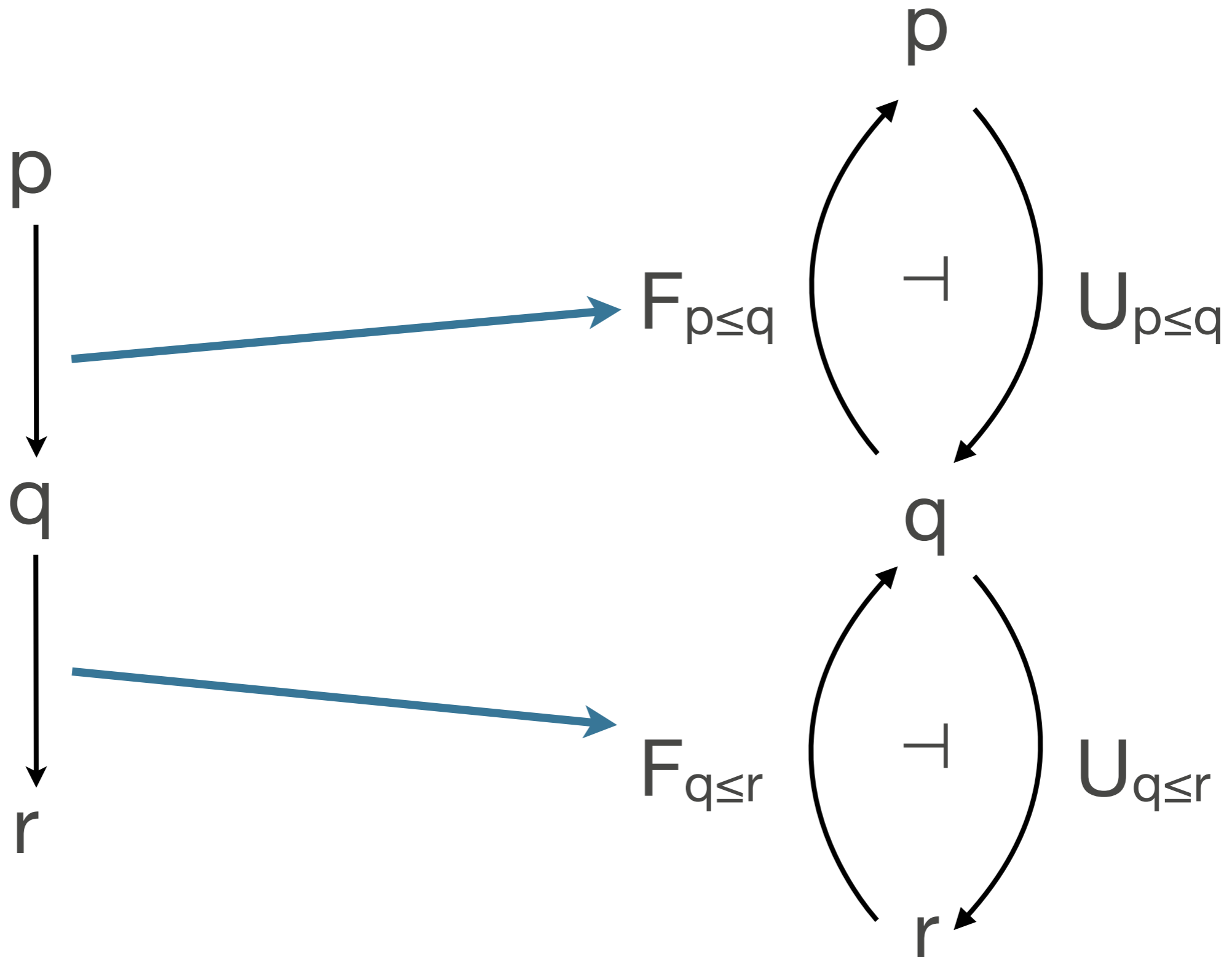
Mode signature (preorder)

Modes of props + Connectives



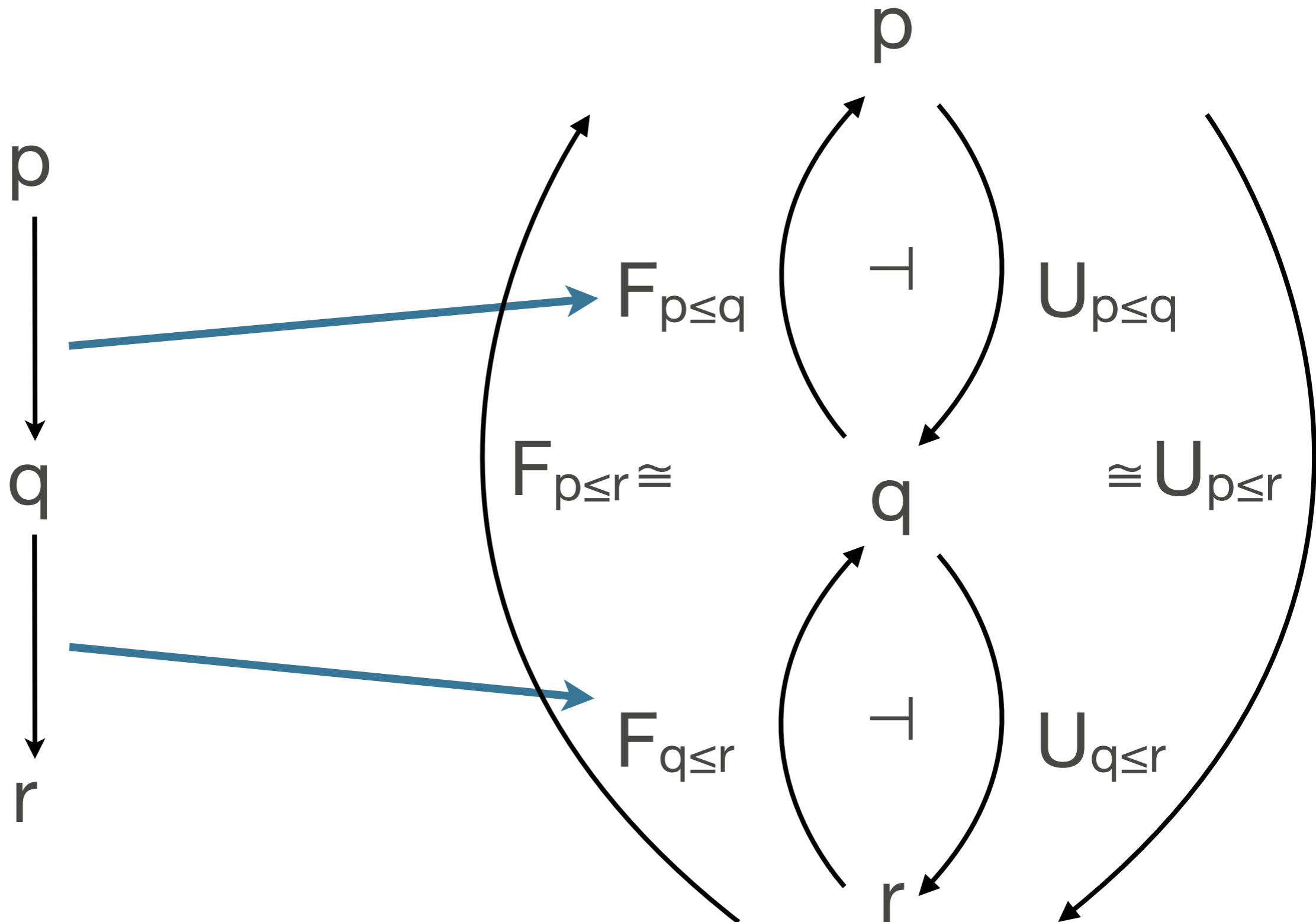
Mode signature (preorder)

Modes of props + Connectives

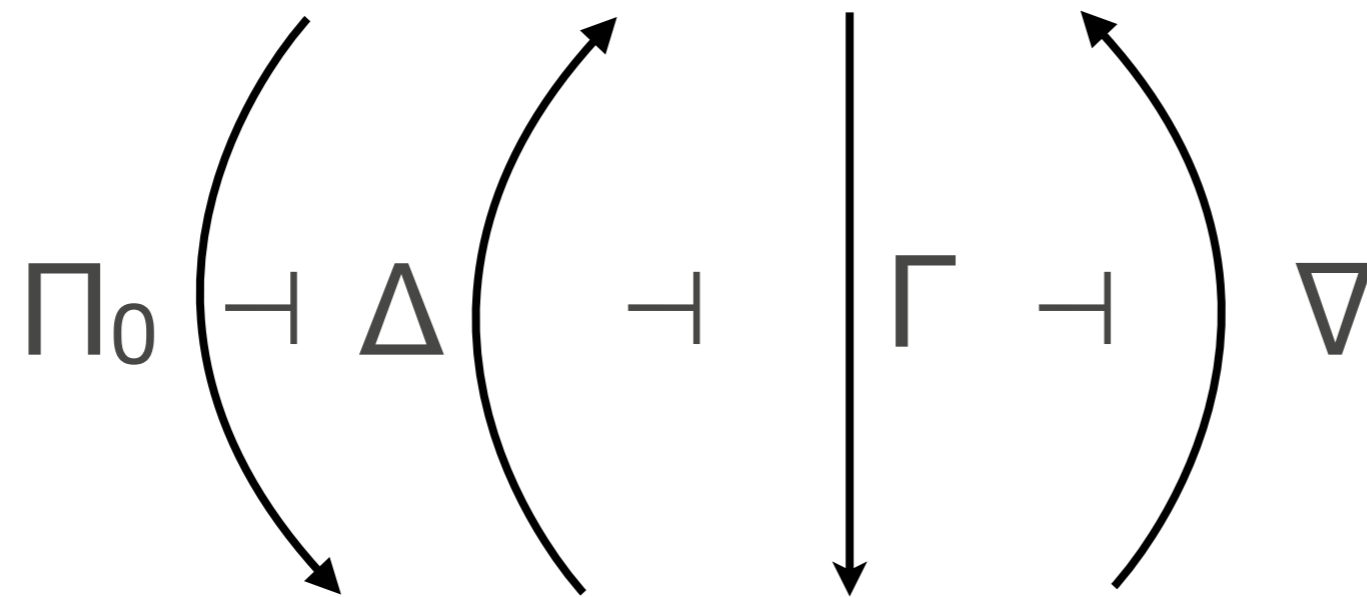


Mode signature (preorder)

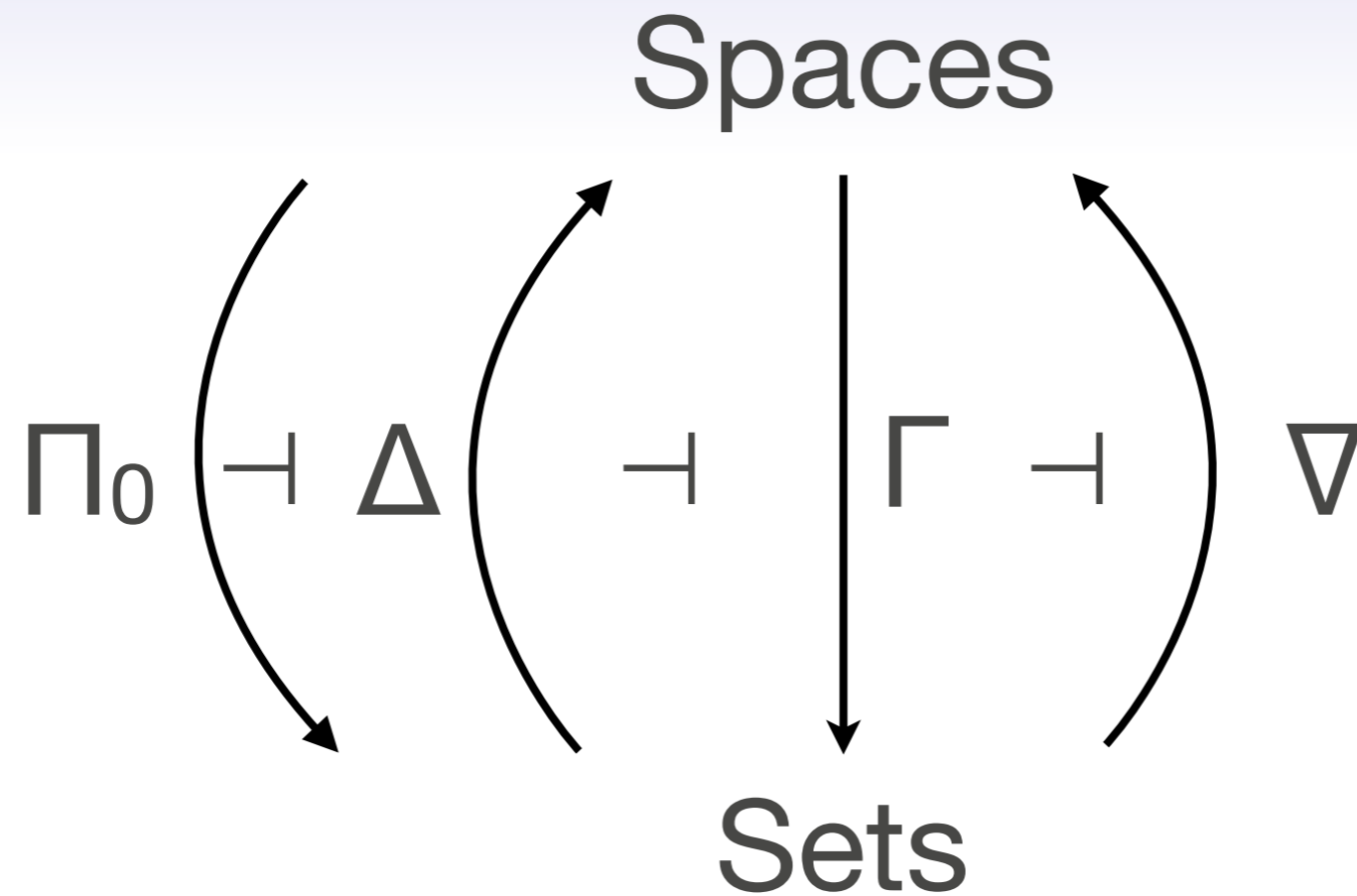
Modes of props + Connectives



Spaces



Sets



Need **different** adjunctions
between same categories

Mode 1-category

p

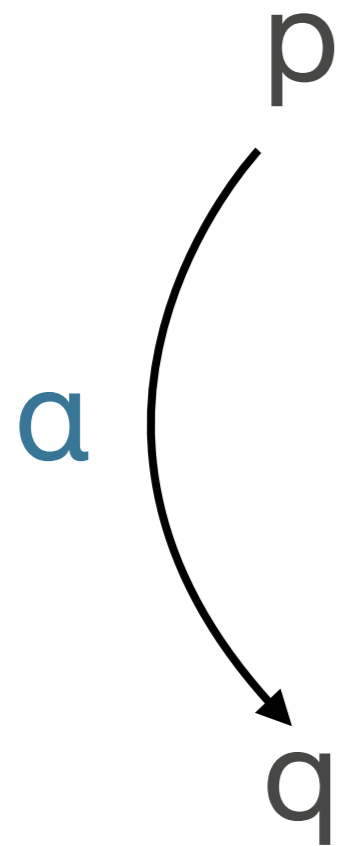
q

Connectives

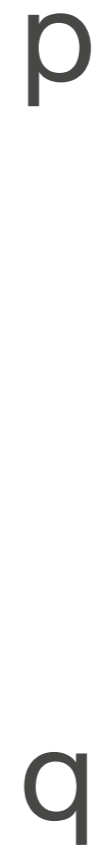
p

q

Mode 1-category

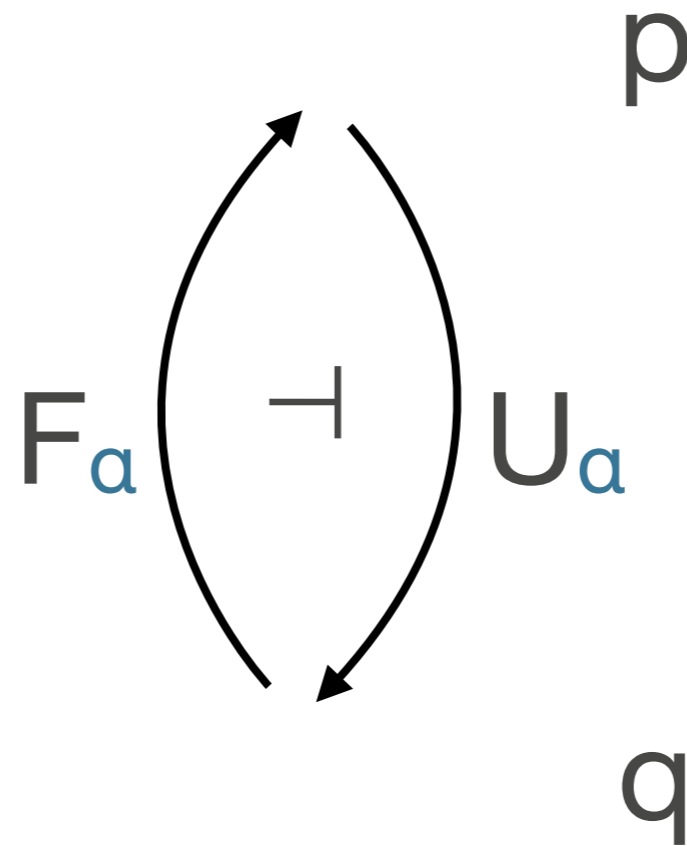
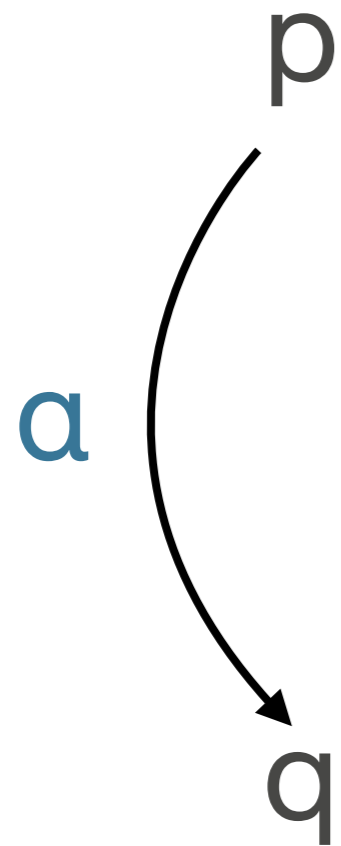


Connectives



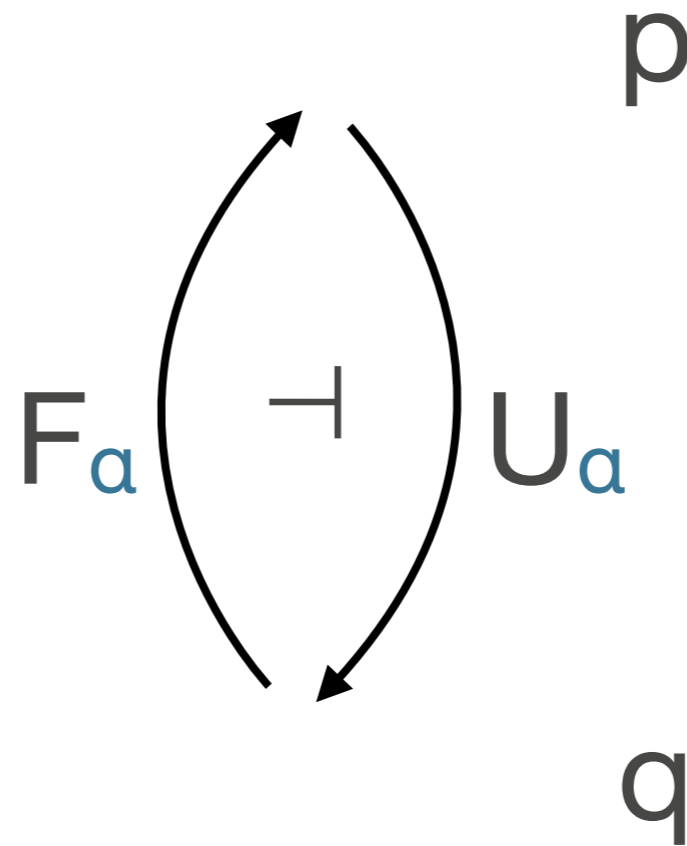
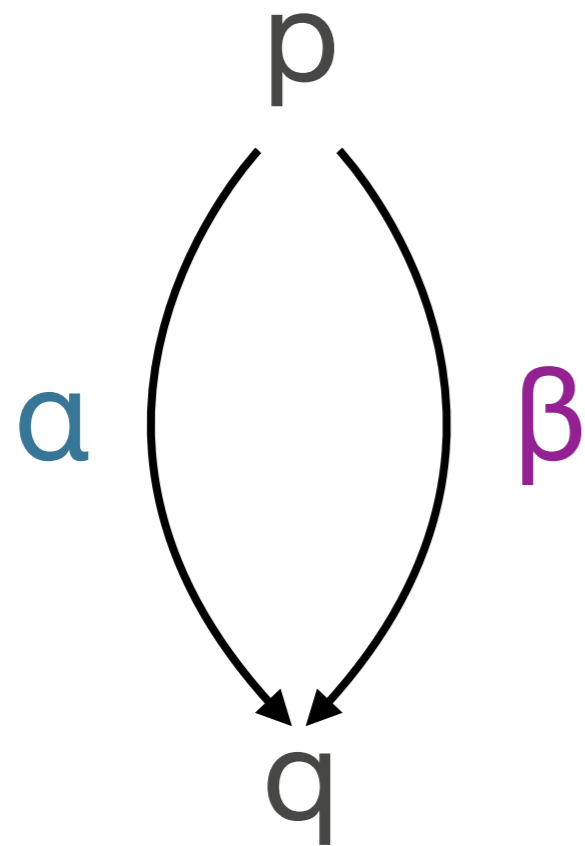
Mode 1-category

Connectives



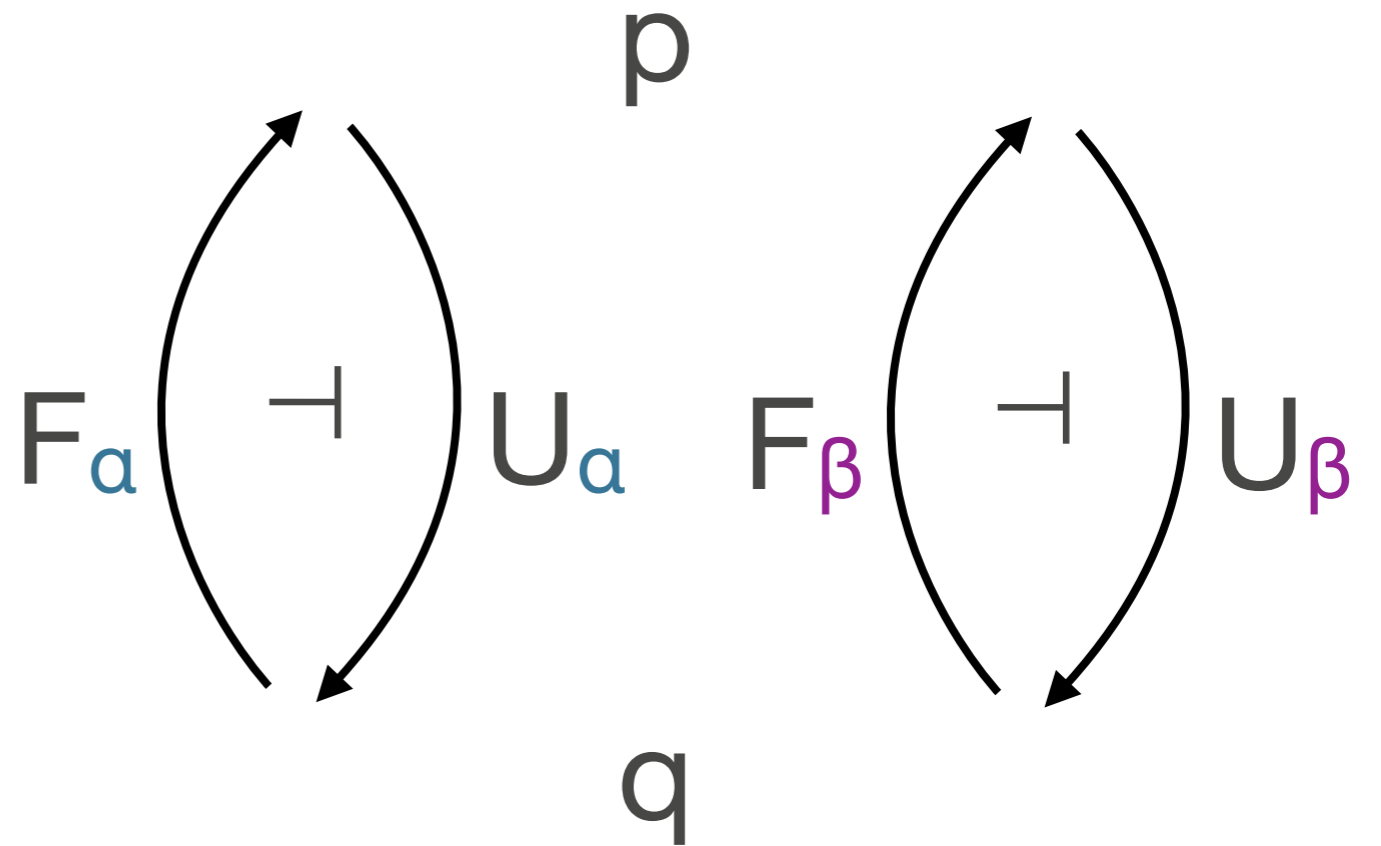
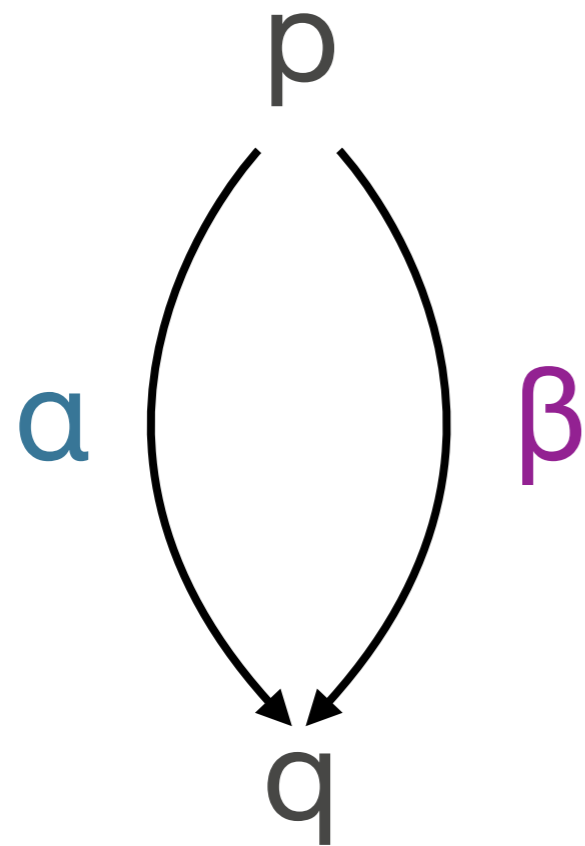
Mode 1-category

Connectives

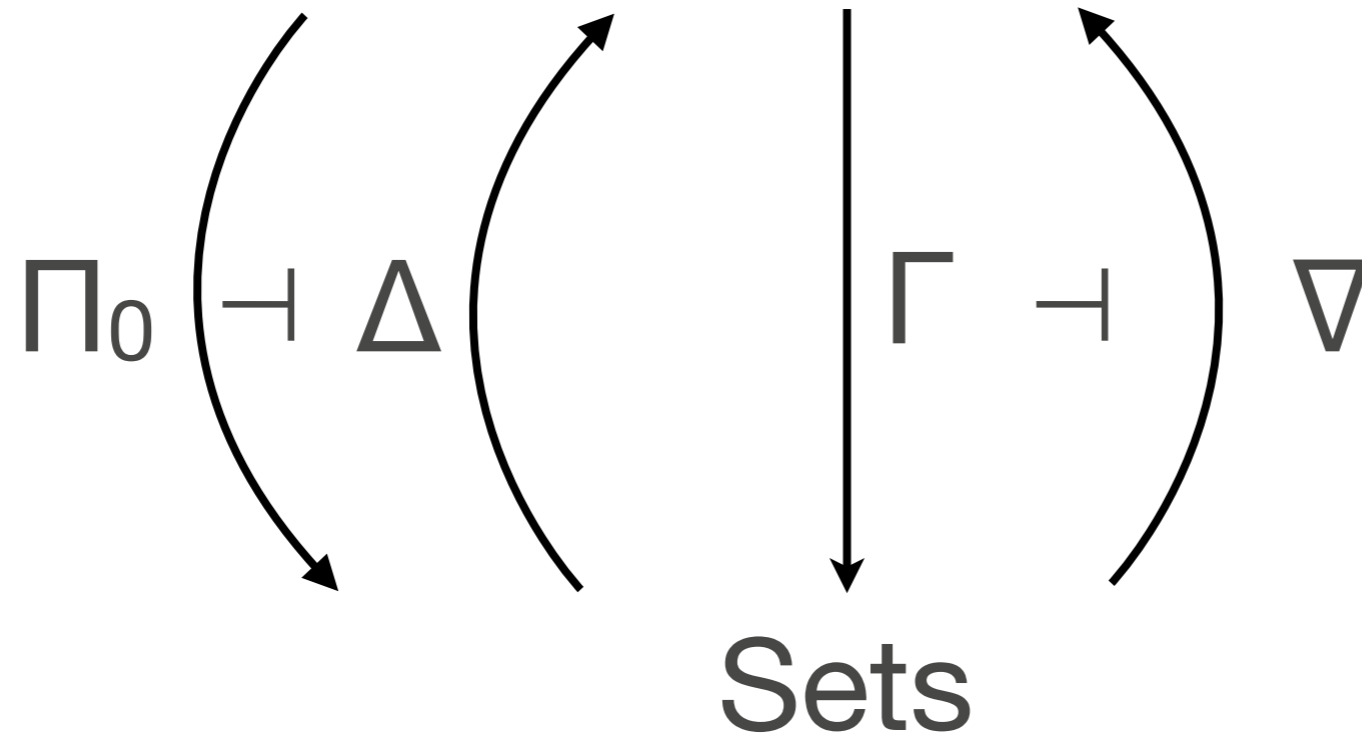


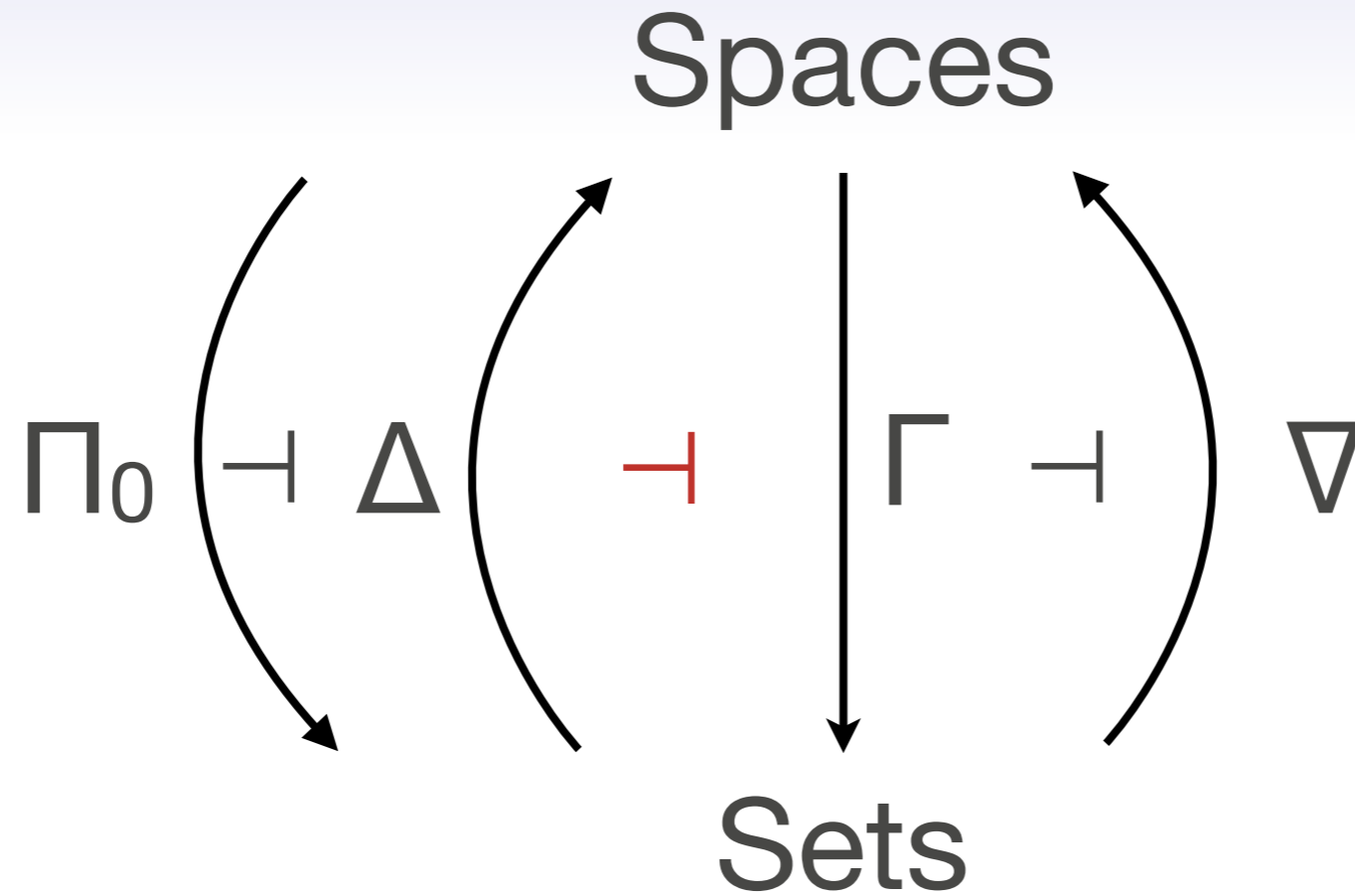
Mode 1-category

Connectives



Spaces

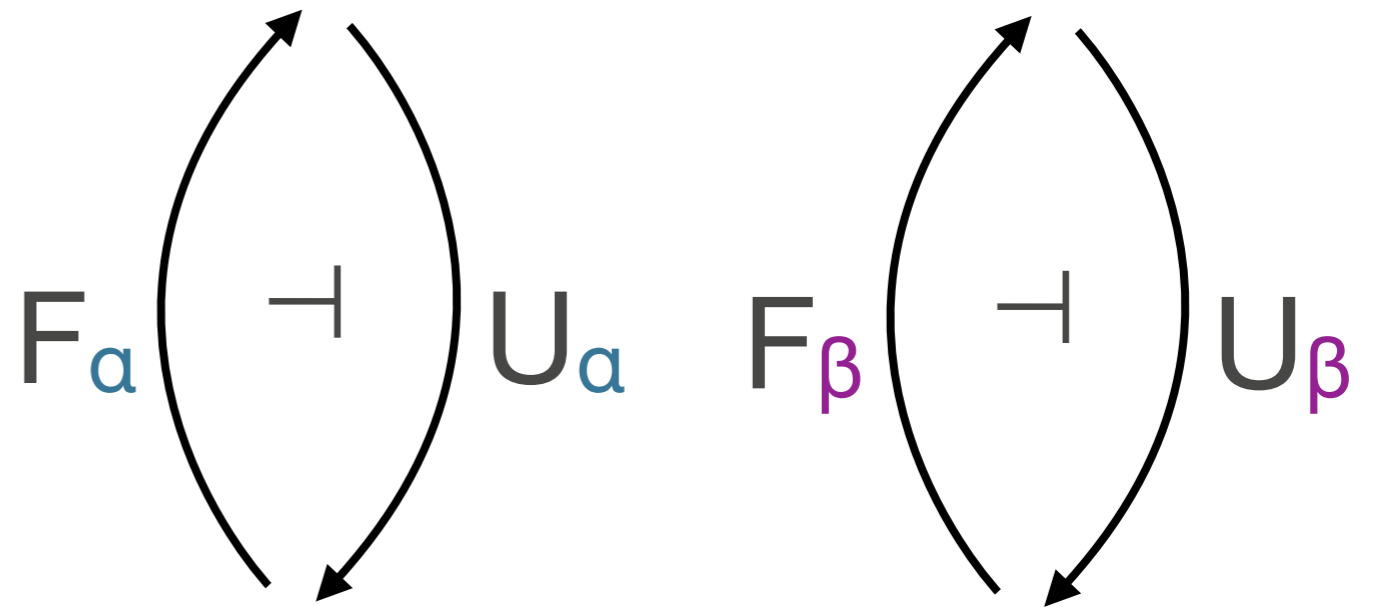
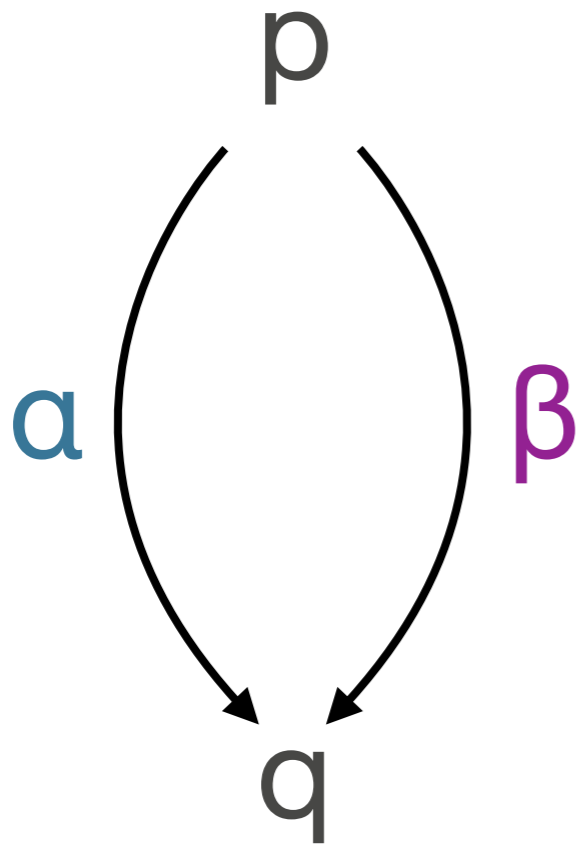




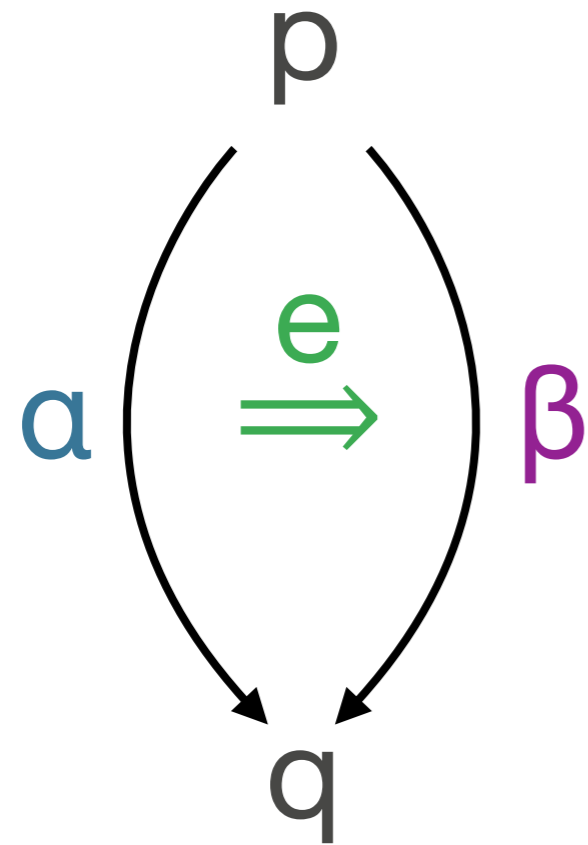
Need different adjunctions
with **relationships** between them

Mode 2-category

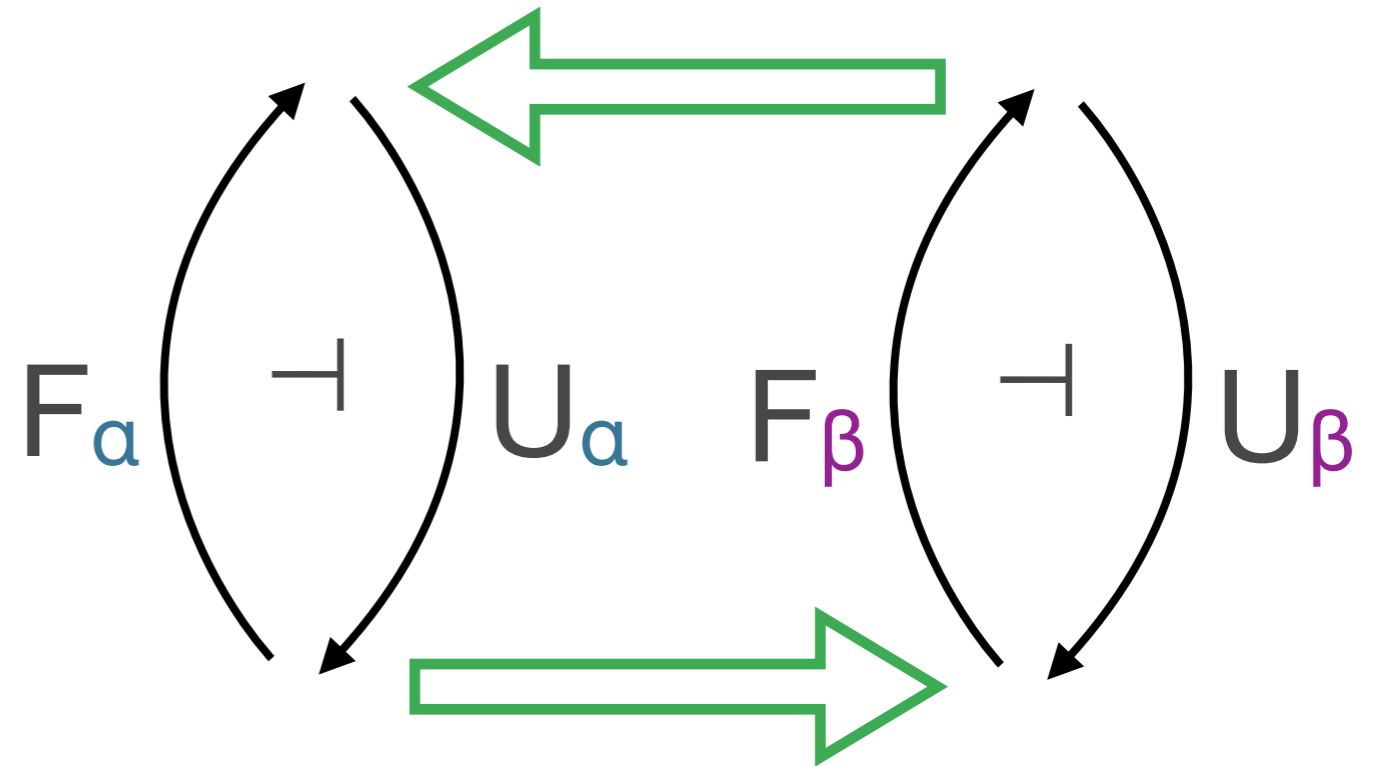
Connectives + proofs



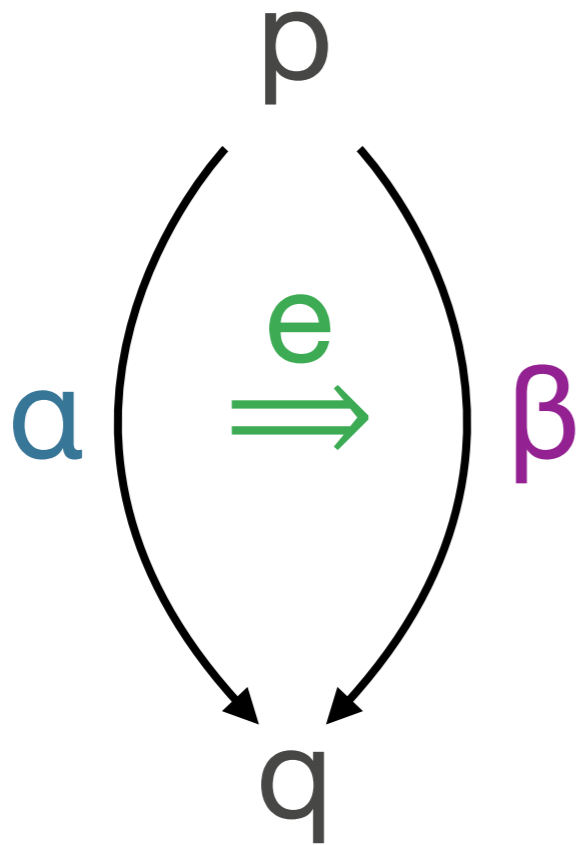
Mode 2-category



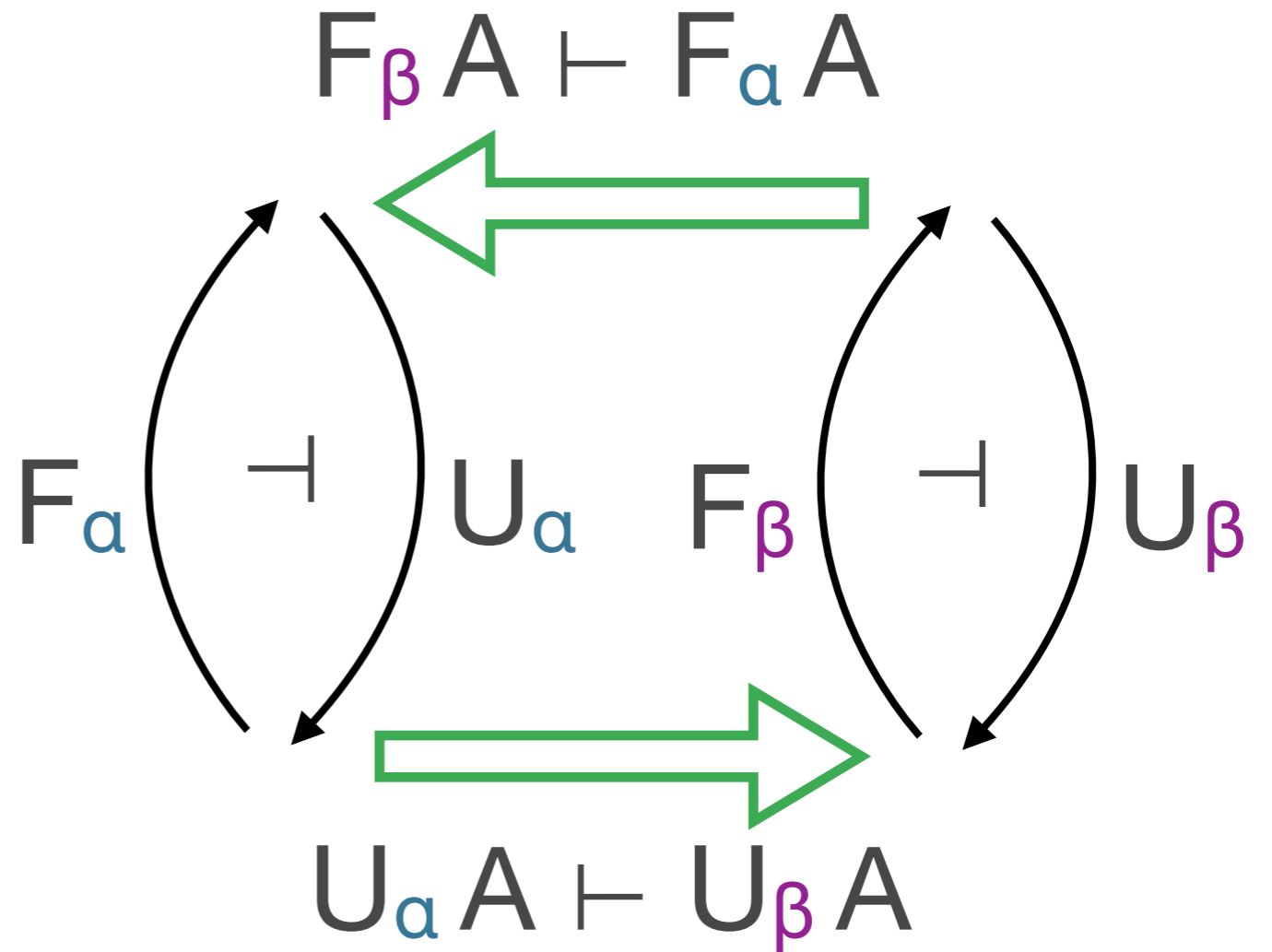
Connectives + proofs



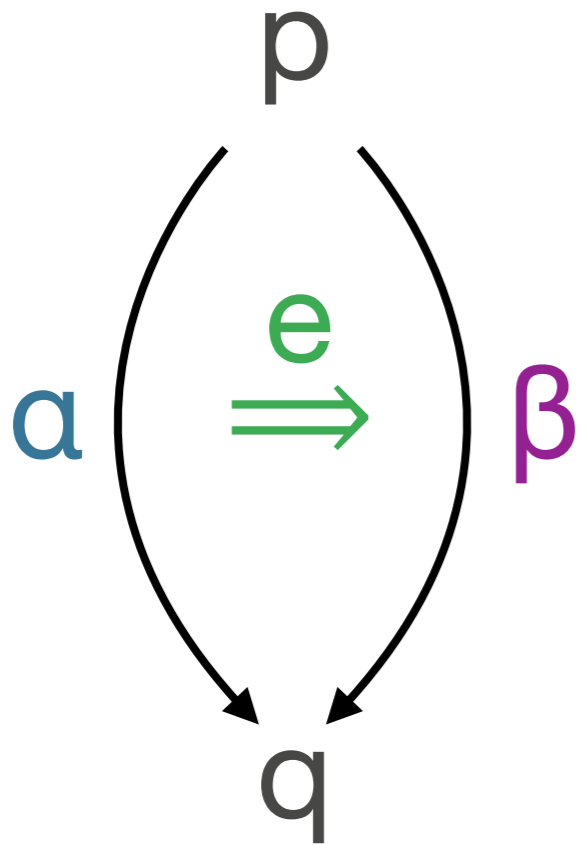
Mode 2-category



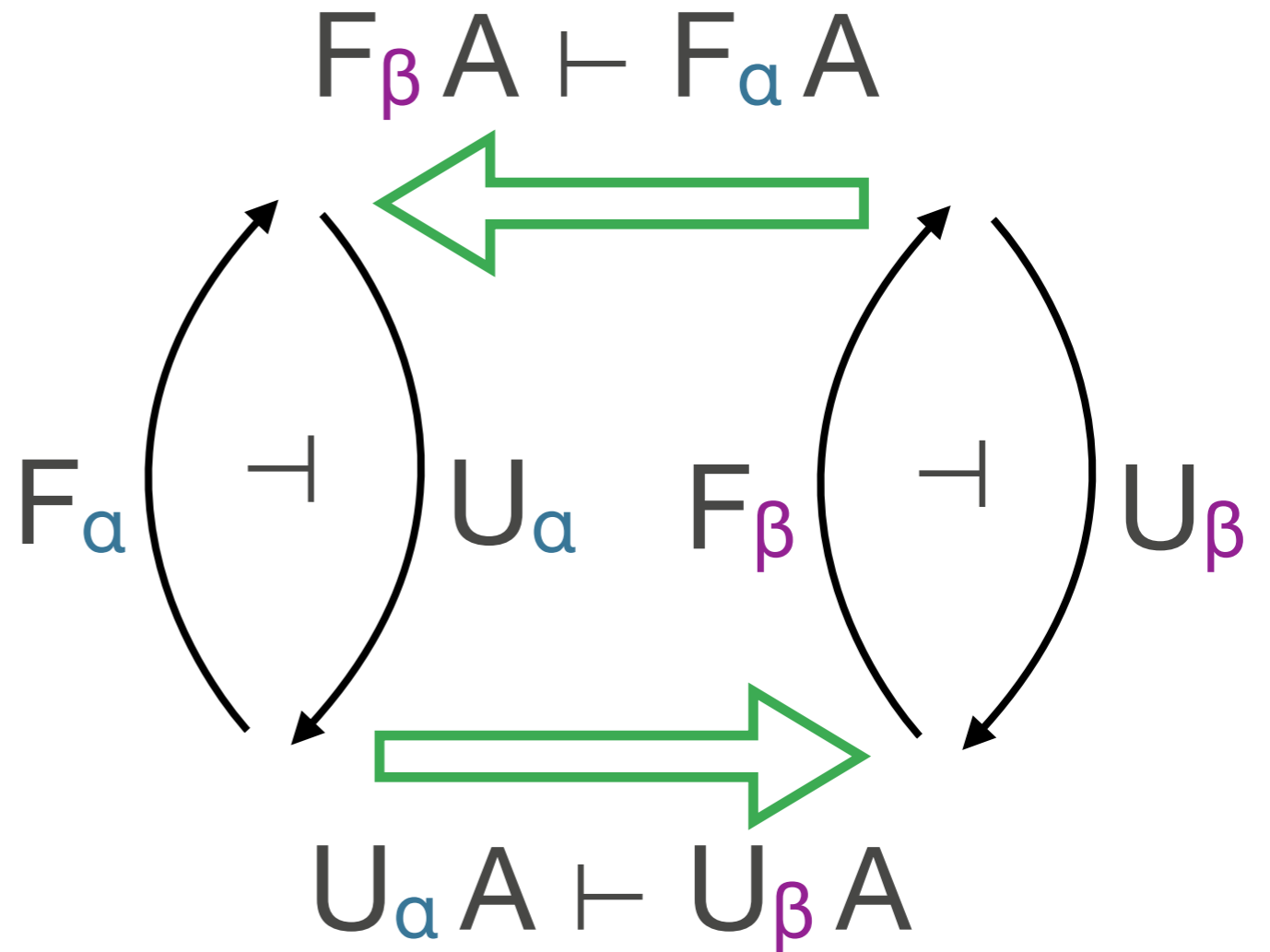
Connectives + proofs



Mode 2-category



Connectives + proofs



Pseudofunctoriality (1-cells):

$$F_1 A \cong A \cong U_1 A \quad F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \cong F_\alpha F_\gamma A \quad U_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \cong U_\gamma U_\alpha A$$

objects c, s

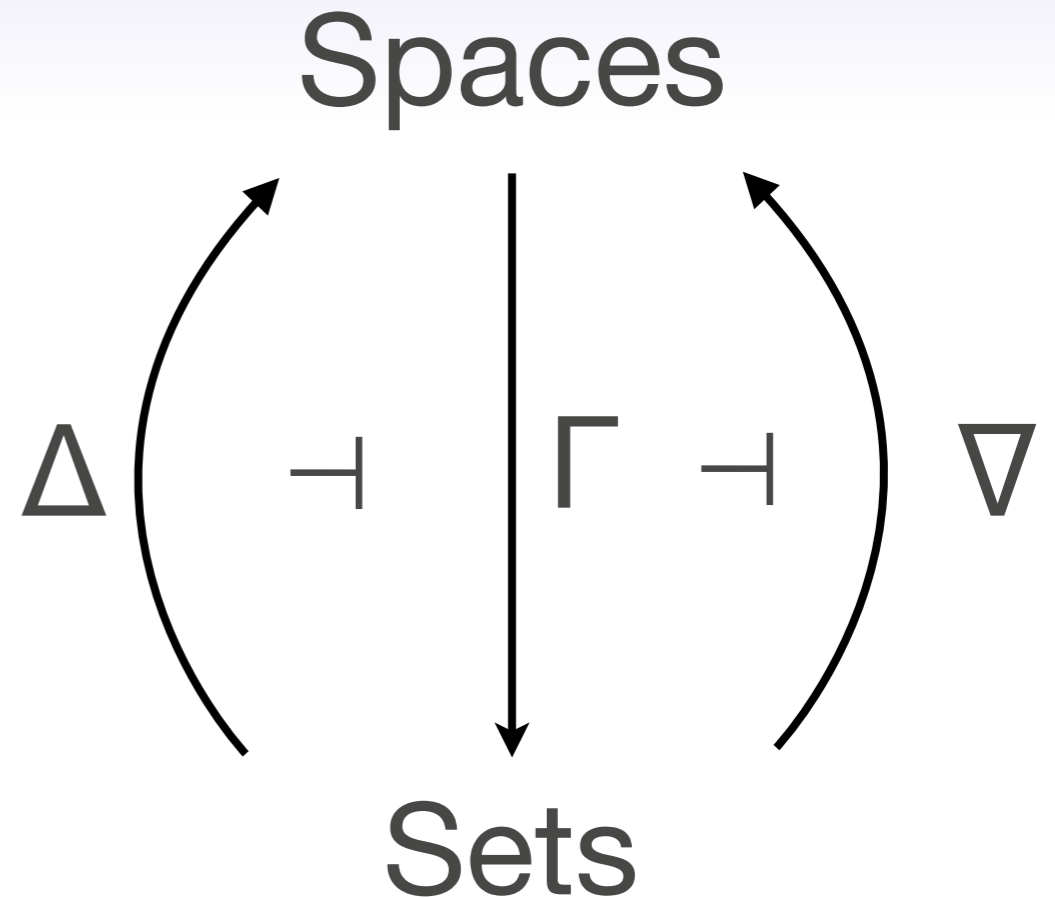
$d : s \geq c$

$n : c \geq s$

unit : $1 \Rightarrow n \circ d$

counit : $d \circ n \Rightarrow 1$

+ triangle identities



A triple adjunction is an
adjunction of adjunctions

Naïve calculus

$$\frac{F_{\alpha} A \vdash B}{A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}{F_{\alpha} A \vdash B}$$

Naïve calculus

$$\frac{F_{\alpha} A \vdash B}{A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}{F_{\alpha} A \vdash B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{F_{\alpha} A \vdash F_{\alpha} B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{U_{\alpha} A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}$$

Naïve calculus

$$\frac{F_{\alpha} A \vdash B}{A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}{F_{\alpha} A \vdash B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{F_{\alpha} A \vdash F_{\alpha} B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{U_{\alpha} A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}$$

$$\overline{F_1 A \vdash A}$$

$$\overline{A \vdash F_1 A}$$

$$\overline{F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \vdash F_{\alpha} F_{\gamma} A}$$

$$\overline{F_{\alpha} F_{\gamma} A \vdash F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A}$$

Naïve calculus

$$\frac{F_{\alpha} A \vdash B}{A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}{F_{\alpha} A \vdash B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{F_{\alpha} A \vdash F_{\alpha} B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{U_{\alpha} A \vdash U_{\alpha} B}$$

$$\frac{}{F_1 A \vdash A}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash F_1 A}$$

$$\frac{}{F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \vdash F_{\alpha} F_{\gamma} A}$$

$$\frac{}{F_{\alpha} F_{\gamma} A \vdash F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{}{U_1 A \vdash A}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash U_1 A}$$

$$\frac{}{U_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \vdash U_{\gamma} U_{\alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{}{U_{\gamma} U_{\alpha} A \vdash U_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A}$$

Naïve calculus

$$\frac{F_\alpha A \vdash B}{A \vdash U_\alpha B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash U_\alpha B}{F_\alpha A \vdash B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{F_\alpha A \vdash F_\alpha B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{U_\alpha A \vdash U_\alpha B}$$

$$\frac{}{F_1 A \vdash A}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash F_1 A}$$

$$\frac{}{F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \vdash F_\alpha F_\gamma A}$$

$$\frac{}{F_\alpha F_\gamma A \vdash F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{}{U_1 A \vdash A}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash U_1 A}$$

$$\frac{}{U_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \vdash U_\gamma U_\alpha A}$$

$$\frac{}{U_\gamma U_\alpha A \vdash U_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \Rightarrow \beta}{F_\beta A \vdash F_\alpha A}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \Rightarrow \beta}{U_\alpha A \vdash U_\beta A}$$

Naïve calculus

$$\frac{F_\alpha A \vdash B}{A \vdash U_\alpha B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash U_\alpha B}{F_\alpha A \vdash B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{F_\alpha A \vdash F_\alpha B}$$

$$\frac{A \vdash B}{U_\alpha A \vdash U_\alpha B}$$

$$\frac{}{F_1 A \vdash A}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash F_1 A}$$

$$\frac{}{F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \vdash F_\alpha F_\gamma A}$$

$$\frac{}{F_\alpha F_\gamma A \vdash F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{}{U_1 A \vdash A}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash U_1 A}$$

$$\frac{}{U_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \vdash U_\gamma U_\alpha A}$$

$$\frac{}{U_\gamma U_\alpha A \vdash U_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \Rightarrow \beta}{F_\beta A \vdash F_\alpha A}$$

$$\frac{\alpha \Rightarrow \beta}{U_\alpha A \vdash U_\beta A}$$

$$\frac{}{A \vdash A}$$

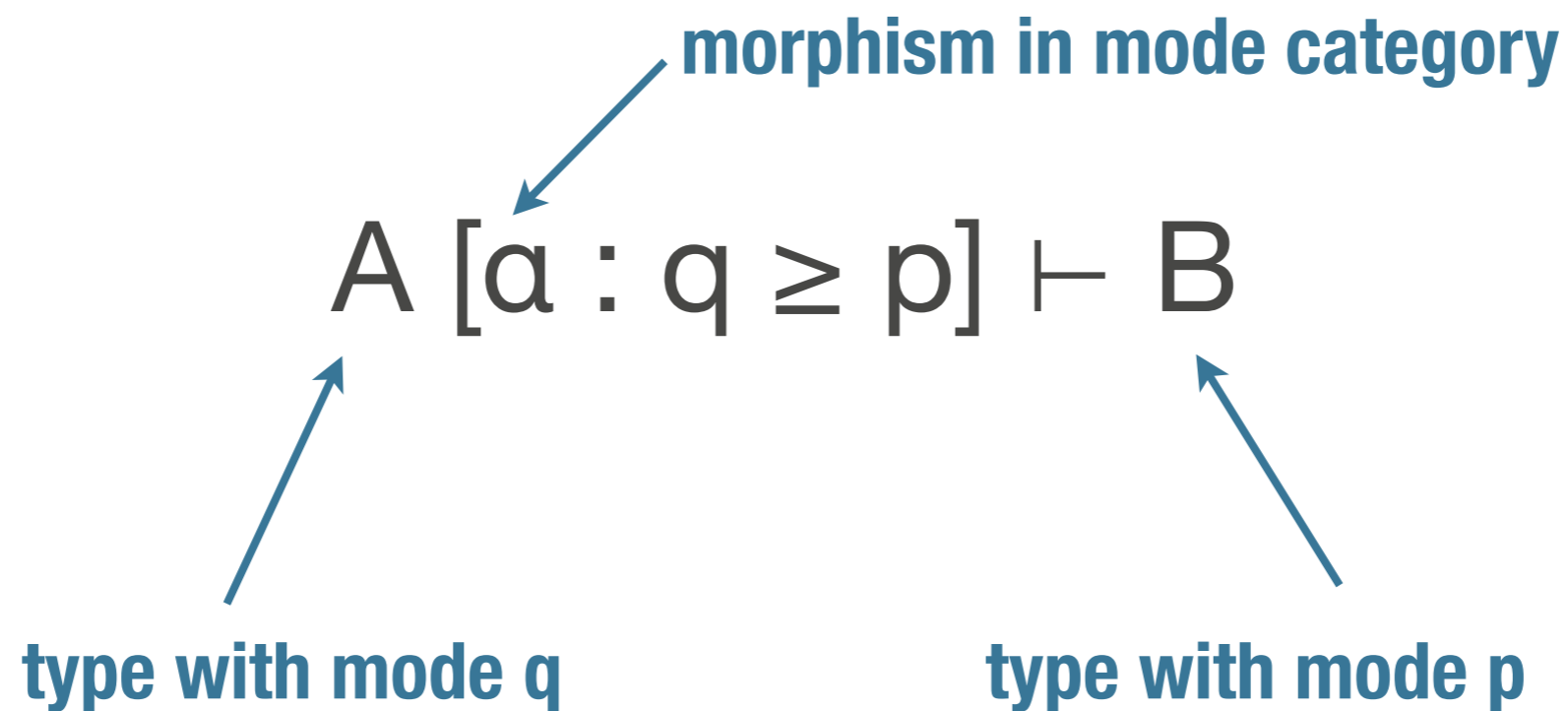
$$\frac{A \vdash B \quad B \vdash C}{A \vdash C}$$

Better calculus

- * Only left and right rules for F_α and U_α
- * Cut (composition) and identity admissible
- * Subformula property
- * Simpler equational theory
- * Polarity/focusing story: F positive and U negative
- * Still interprets mode theory correctly:
everything on last page is provable

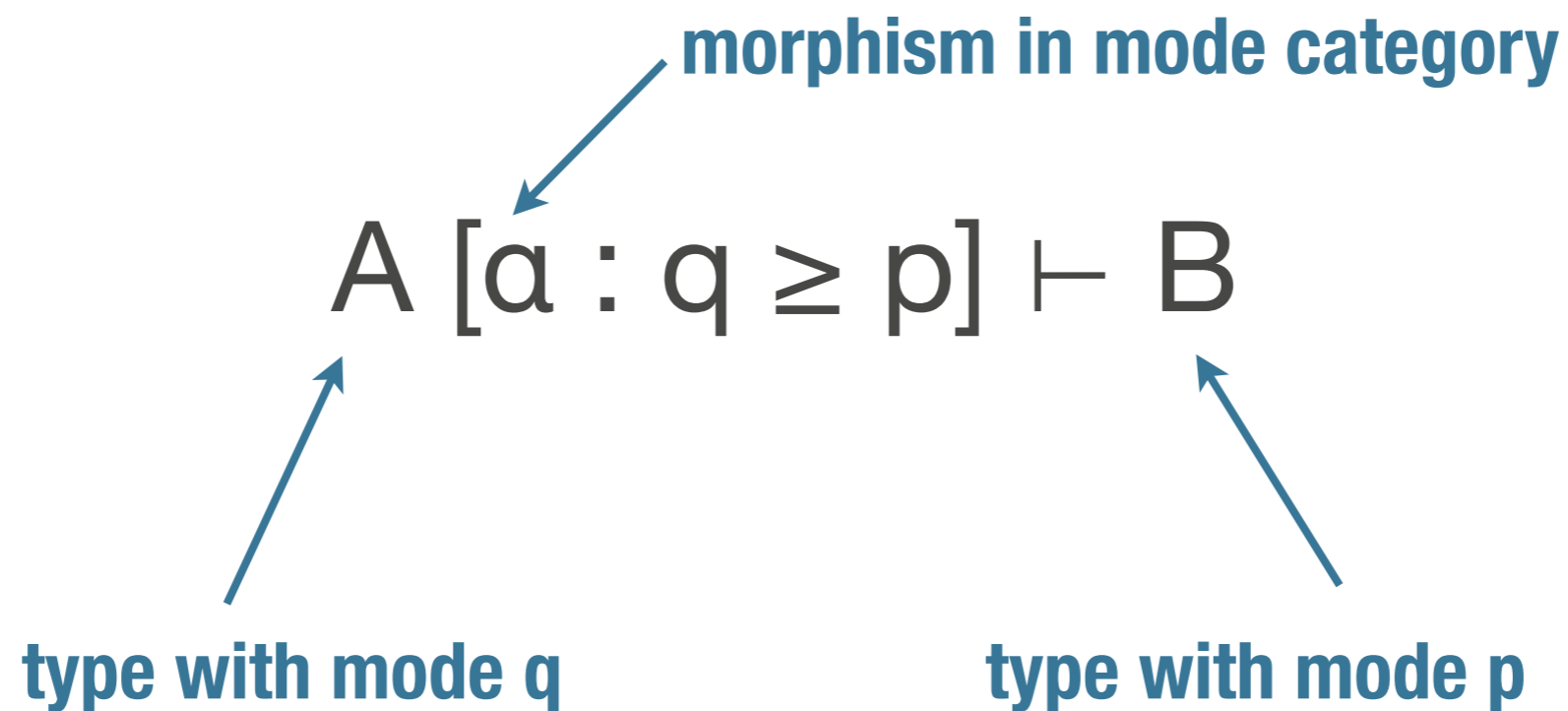
Mixed category entailment

[generalization of Benton, Wadler, Reed]



Mixed category entailment

[generalization of Benton, Wadler, Reed]



means (equivalently) $F_\alpha A \rightarrow B$ or $A \rightarrow U_\alpha B$

F Left

$$\frac{A [\alpha \circ \beta] \vdash B}{F_{\alpha:r \geq q} A [\beta : q \geq p] \vdash B}$$

F Left

$$\frac{A [\alpha \circ \beta] \vdash B}{F_{\alpha:r \geq q} A [\beta : q \geq p] \vdash B}$$

Meaning of sequent:

$$\frac{A [\alpha] \vdash B}{F_{\alpha} A [1] \vdash B}$$

F Left

$$\frac{A [\alpha \circ \beta] \vdash B}{F_{\alpha:r \geq q} A [\beta : q \geq p] \vdash B}$$

Meaning of sequent:


$$\frac{A [\alpha] \vdash B}{F_{\alpha} A [1] \vdash B}$$

Composition:

$$F_{\alpha \circ \beta} A \cong F_{\beta} F_{\alpha} A$$

F Left

$$\frac{A [\alpha \circ \beta] \vdash B}{F_{\alpha:r \geq q} A [\beta : q \geq p] \vdash B}$$

$F_{\alpha \circ \beta} A$ 

Meaning of sequent:

$$\frac{A [\alpha] \vdash B}{F_{\alpha} A [1] \vdash B}$$

Composition:

$$F_{\alpha \circ \beta} A \cong F_{\beta} F_{\alpha} A$$

F Left

$$\frac{A [\alpha \circ \beta] \vdash B}{F_{\alpha:r \geq q} A [\beta : q \geq p] \vdash B}$$

$F_{\alpha \circ \beta} A$ (pointing to $\alpha \circ \beta$)
 $F_{\beta} F_{\alpha} A$ (pointing to β)

Meaning of sequent:

$$\frac{A [\alpha] \vdash B}{F_{\alpha} A [1] \vdash B}$$

Composition:

$$F_{\alpha \circ \beta} A \cong F_{\beta} F_{\alpha} A$$

F Right

F Right

Functoriality:

$$\frac{A [1] \vdash B}{A [a] \vdash F_a B}$$

F Right

Functoriality:

$$\frac{A [1] \vdash B}{A [\alpha] \vdash F_{\alpha} B}$$

Functoriality + Composition:

$$\frac{A [\gamma] \vdash B}{A [\gamma \circ \alpha] \vdash F_{\alpha} B}$$

F Right

Functoriality:

$$\frac{A [1] \vdash B}{A [\alpha] \vdash F_{\alpha} B}$$

Functoriality + Composition:

$$\frac{A [\gamma] \vdash B}{A [\gamma \circ \alpha] \vdash F_{\alpha} B}$$

$F_{\gamma} A$

$F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \cong F_{\alpha} F_{\gamma} A$

F Right

Functoriality:

$$\frac{A [1] \vdash B}{A [\alpha] \vdash F_{\alpha} B}$$

Functoriality + Composition:

$$\frac{A [\gamma] \vdash B}{A [\gamma \circ \alpha] \vdash F_{\alpha} B}$$

$F_{\gamma} A$

$F_{\gamma \circ \alpha} A \cong F_{\alpha} F_{\gamma} A$

Action of 2-cells:

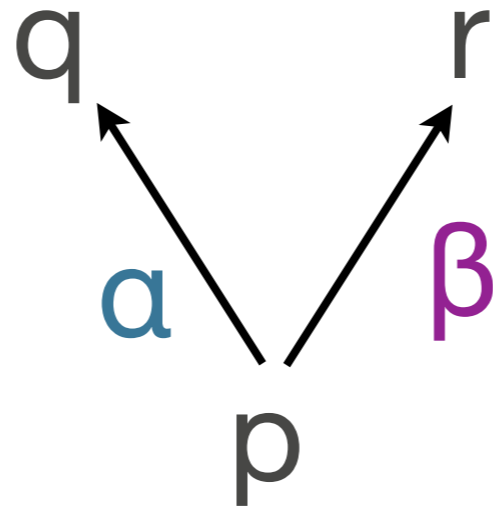
$$\frac{e : \alpha \Rightarrow \beta}{A [\beta] \vdash F_{\alpha} A}$$

F Right

$$\frac{\gamma:r \geq q \quad e : \gamma \circ \alpha \Rightarrow \beta \quad A[\gamma] \vdash B}{A[\beta:r \geq p] \vdash F_{\alpha:q \geq p} B}$$

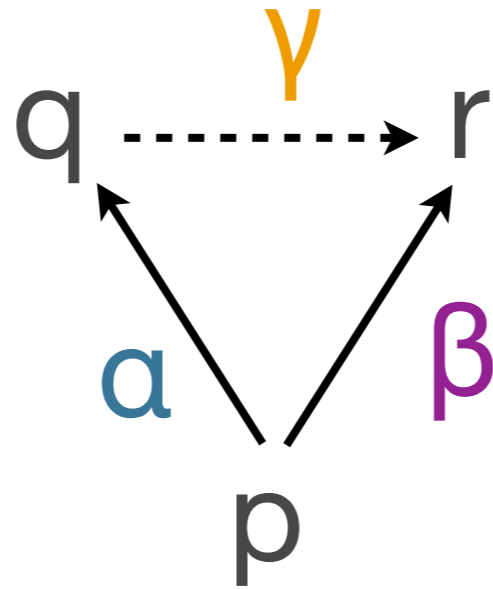
F Right

$$\frac{\gamma:r \geq q \quad e : \gamma \circ \alpha \Rightarrow \beta \quad A[\gamma] \vdash B}{A[\beta:r \geq p] \vdash F_{\alpha:q \geq p} B}$$



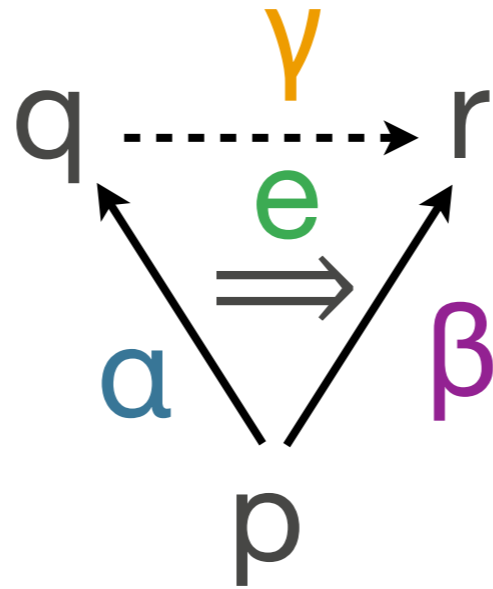
F Right

$$\frac{\gamma:r \geq q \quad e : \gamma \circ \alpha \Rightarrow \beta \quad A[\gamma] \vdash B}{A[\beta:r \geq p] \vdash F_{\alpha:q \geq p} B}$$



F Right

$$\frac{\gamma:r \geq q \quad e : \gamma \circ \alpha \Rightarrow \beta \quad A[\gamma] \vdash B}{A[\beta:r \geq p] \vdash F_{\alpha:q \geq p} B}$$



Rules for U are dual

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{A_r [\alpha \circ \beta] \vdash C_p}{F_{\alpha:r \geq q} A_r [\beta : q \geq p] \vdash C_p} \text{ FL} \quad \frac{\gamma : r \geq q \quad \gamma \circ \alpha \Rightarrow \beta \quad C_r [\gamma] \vdash A_q}{C_r [\beta : r \geq p] \vdash F_{\alpha:q \geq p} A_q} \text{ FR} \\
 \\
 \frac{C_r [\beta \circ \alpha] \vdash A_p}{C_r [\beta : r \geq q] \vdash U_{\alpha:q \geq p} A_p} \text{ UR} \quad \frac{\gamma : q \geq p \quad \alpha \circ \gamma \Rightarrow \beta \quad A_q [\gamma] \vdash C_p}{U_{\alpha:r \geq q} A_q [\beta : r \geq p] \vdash C_p} \text{ UL}
 \end{array}$$

Admissible rules

Admissible rules

Identity:

$$\frac{}{A_p [1] \vdash A_p}$$

Admissible rules

Identity:

$$\overline{A_p [1] \vdash A_p}$$

Cut:

$$\frac{A_r [\beta] \vdash B_q \quad B_q [\alpha] \vdash C_p}{A_r [\beta \circ \alpha] \vdash C_p}$$

Admissible rules

Identity:

$$\overline{A_p [1] \vdash A_p}$$

Cut:

$$\frac{A_r [\beta] \vdash B_q \quad B_q [\alpha] \vdash C_p}{A_r [\beta \circ \alpha] \vdash C_p}$$

Action of 2-cell:

$$\frac{\alpha \Rightarrow \beta \quad A [\alpha] \vdash C}{A [\beta] \vdash C}$$

C



S

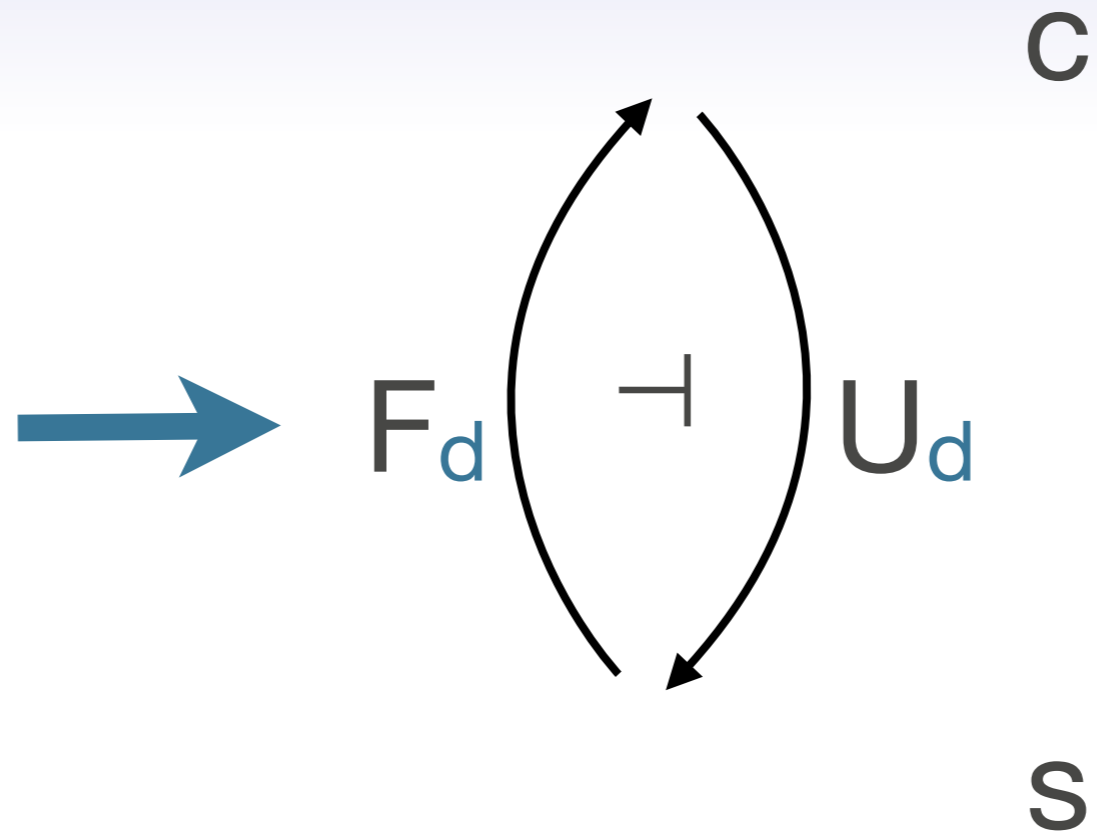
$d : s \geq c$



c

s

$d : s \geq c$

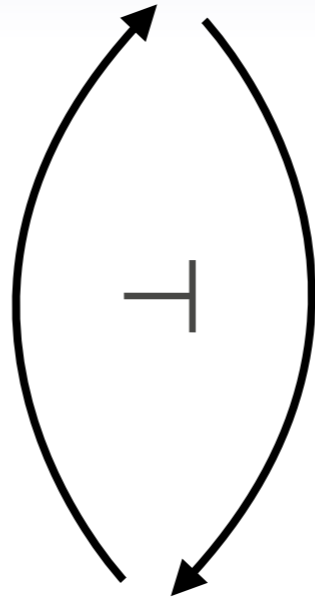


$d : s \geq c$

$n : c \geq s$



F_d



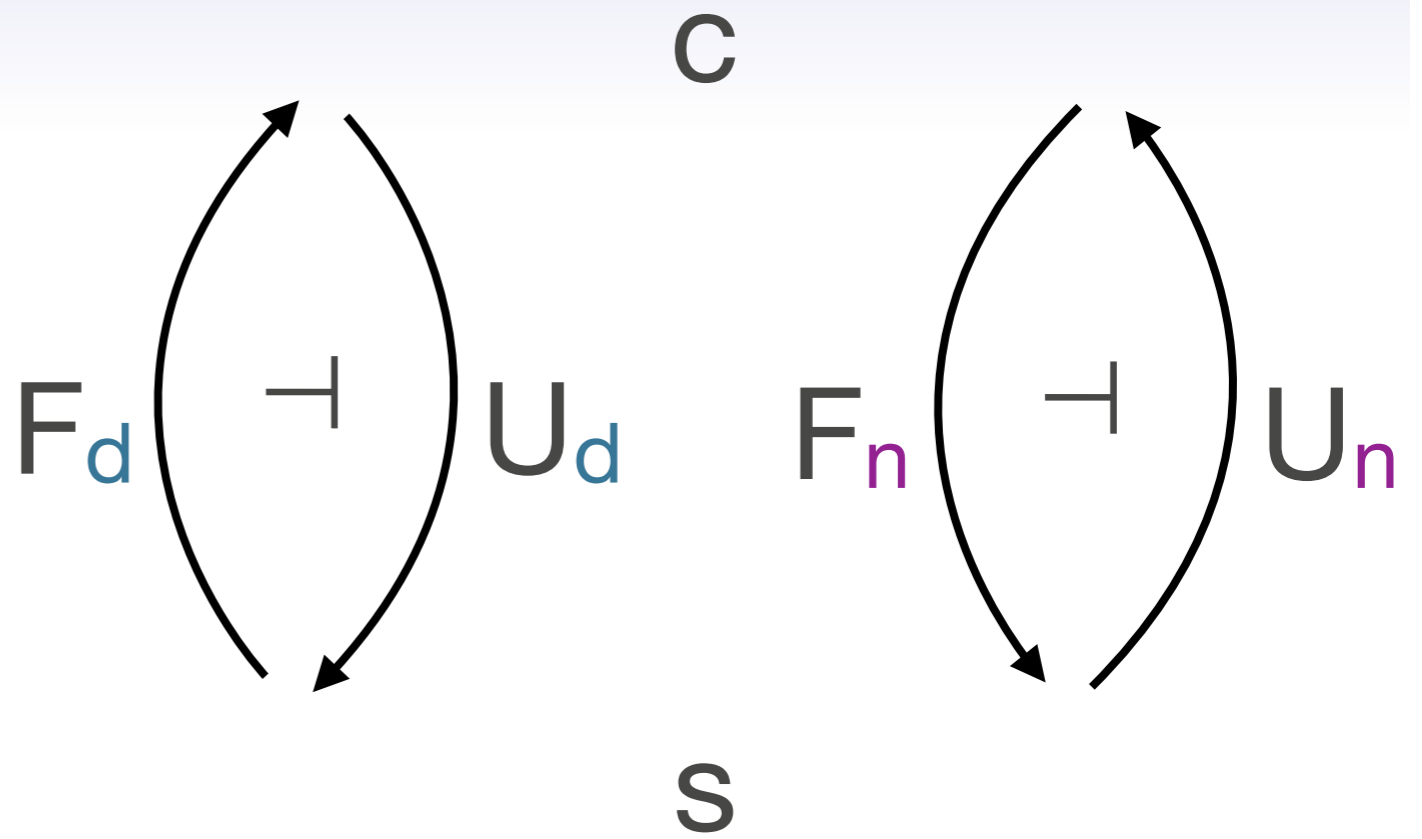
U_d

C

S

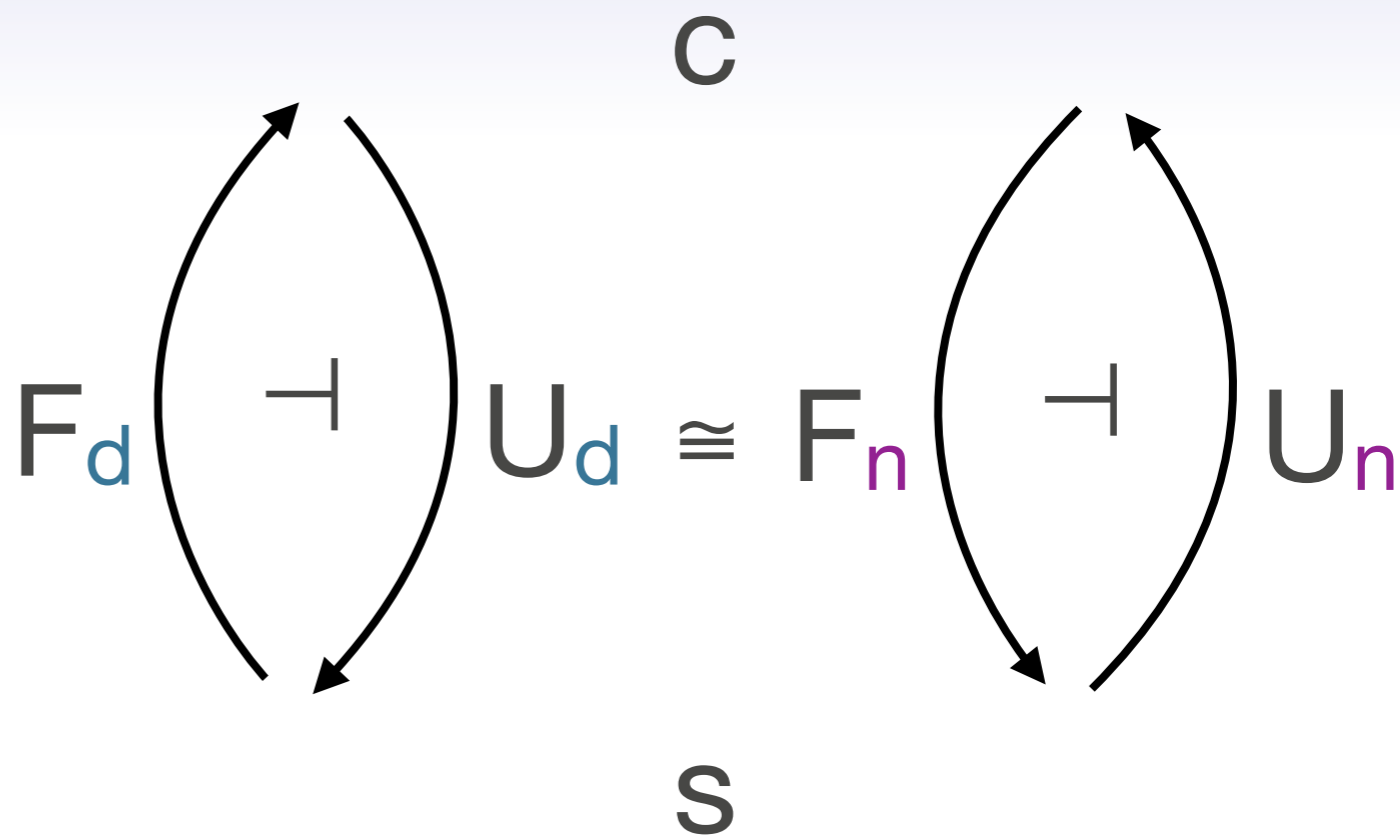
$d : s \geq c$

$n : c \geq s$



$d : s \geq c$

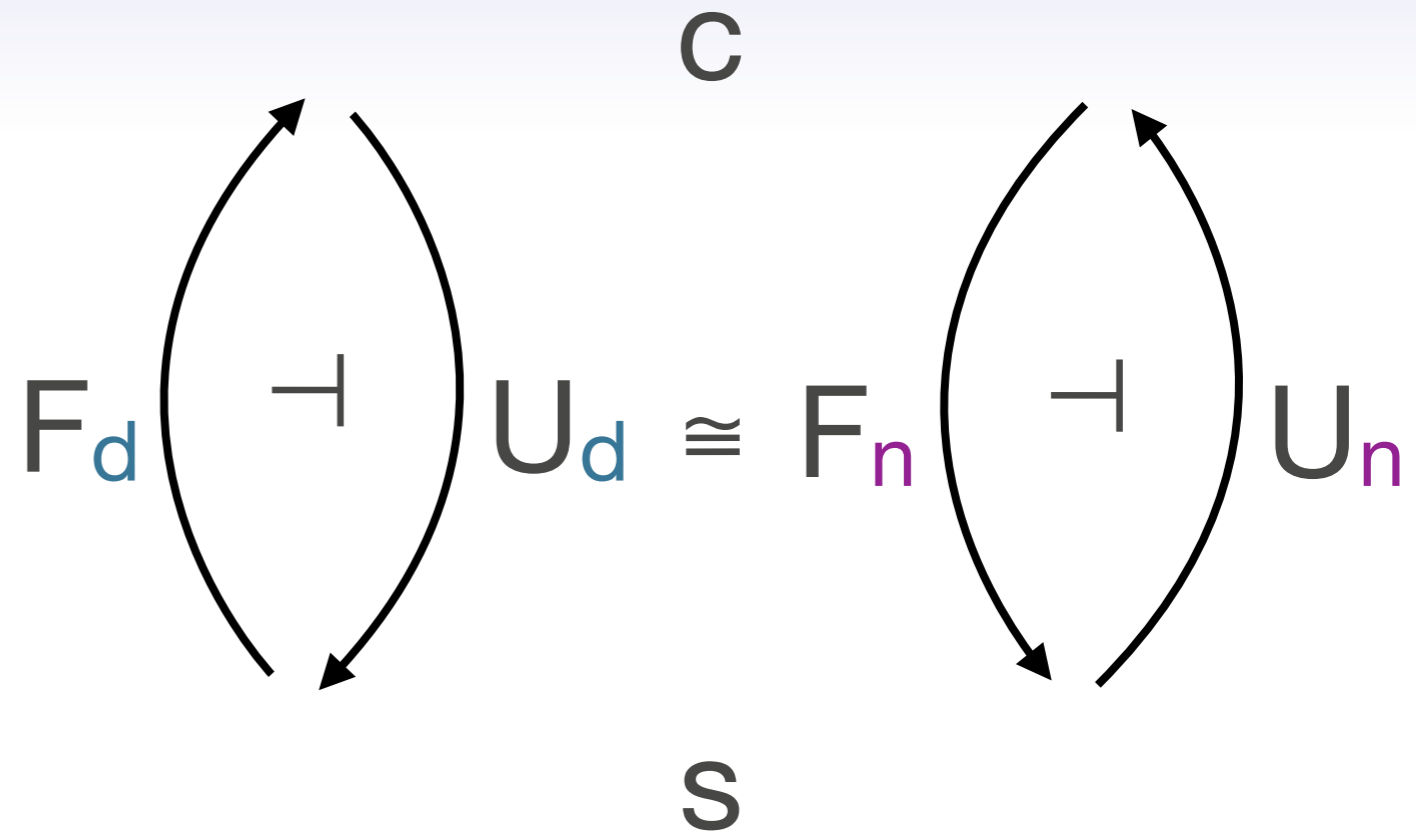
$n : c \geq s$

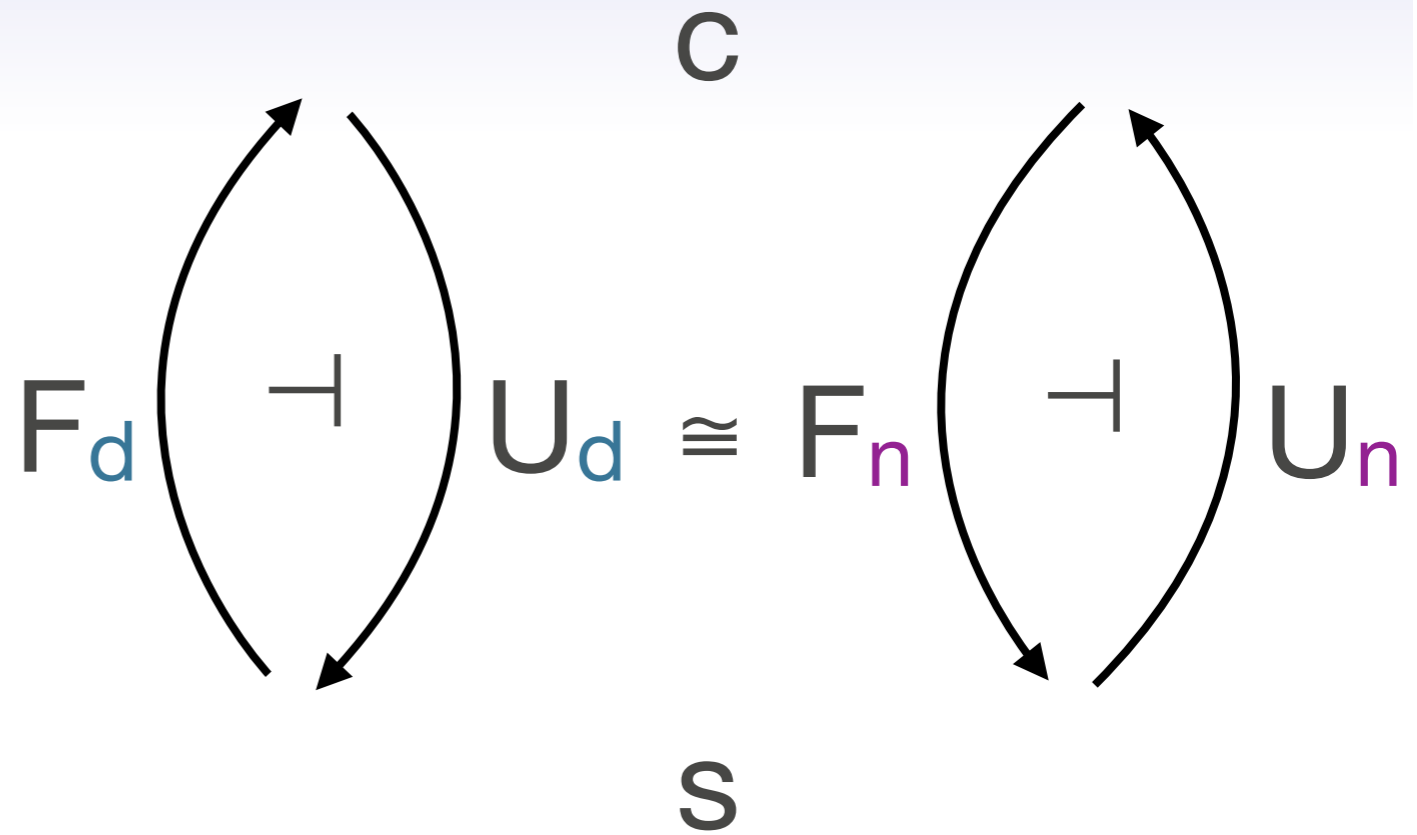


$d : s \geq c$

$n : c \geq s$

$\text{counit} : d \circ n \Rightarrow 1 \quad \longrightarrow$



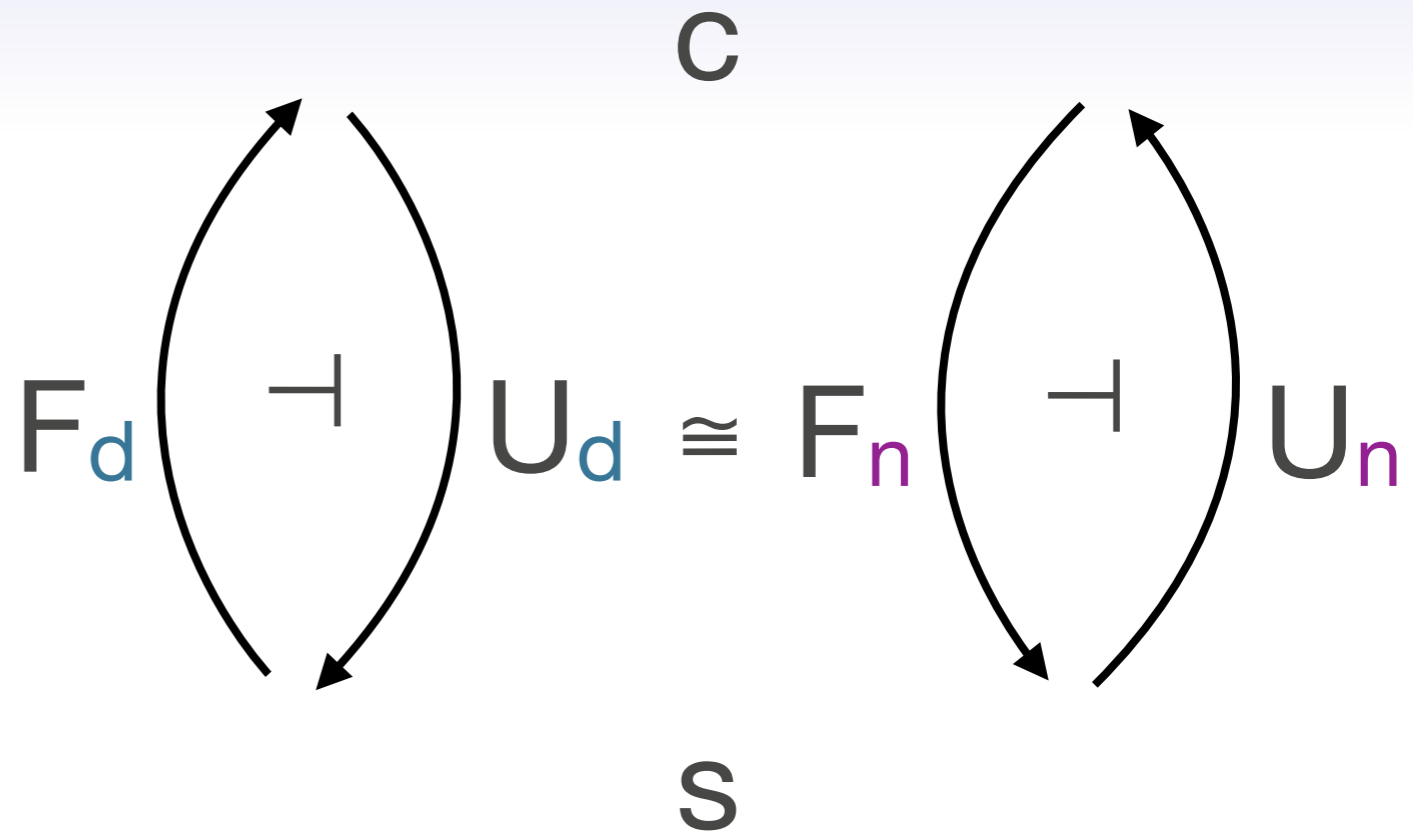
$d : s \geq c$ $n : c \geq s$ $\text{counit} : d \circ n \Rightarrow 1 \quad \longrightarrow$ 

$$\frac{d : s \geq c \quad \text{counit} : d \circ n \Rightarrow 1 \quad \frac{\frac{1 : c \geq c \quad 1 : d \Rightarrow d \quad \overline{A[1] \vdash A}}{\text{ident}}}{U_d A[d] \vdash A} \text{UL}}{U_d A[1] \vdash F_n A} \text{FR}$$

$d : s \geq c$

$n : c \geq s$

$\text{counit} : d \circ n \Rightarrow 1 \quad \longrightarrow$

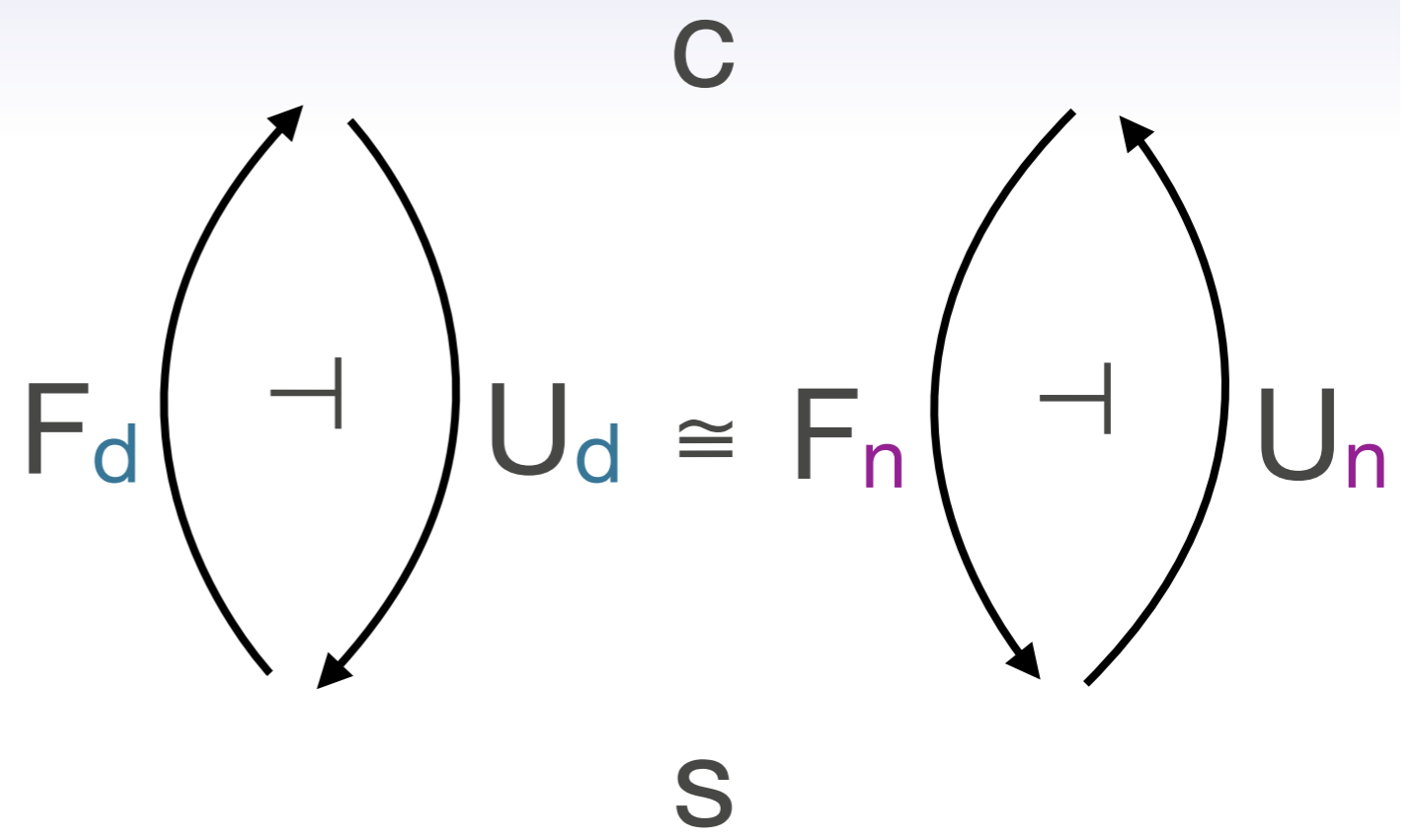


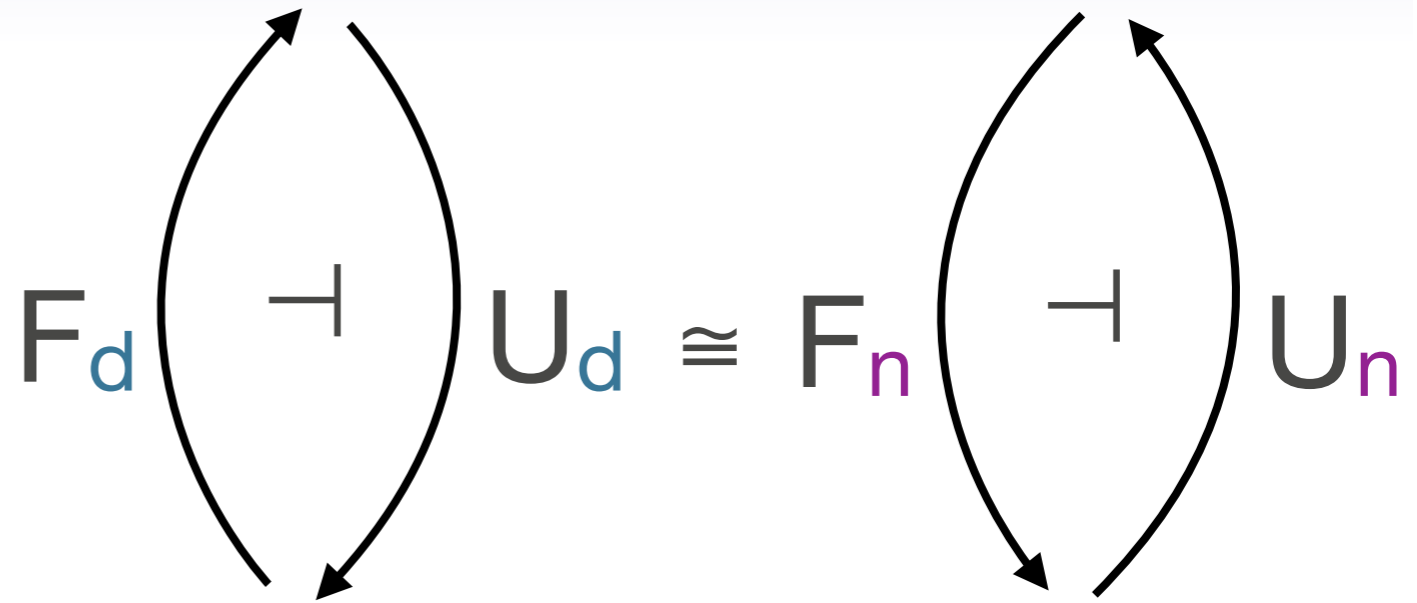
$d : s \geq c$

$n : c \geq s$

$\text{counit} : d \circ n \Rightarrow 1 \quad \longrightarrow$

$\text{unit} : 1 \Rightarrow n \circ d$



$d : s \geq c$ $n : c \geq s$ $\text{counit} : d \circ n \Rightarrow 1 \quad \longrightarrow$  $\text{unit} : 1 \Rightarrow n \circ d$

$$\frac{\text{unit} : 1 \Rightarrow n \circ d \quad \overline{A[1] \vdash A} \quad \text{ident}}{\frac{\frac{A[n \circ d] \vdash A}{A[n] \vdash U_d A} \text{UR}}{F_n A[1] \vdash U_d A} \text{FL}} \text{---}_*(\text{---})$$

What's in the paper/Agda

- * Definitions of cut and identity
- * Equational theory for sequent derivations
- * Soundness and completeness for pseudofunctors from mode theory to the 2-category of adjunctions
- * Constructions for any mode theory (coherence natural isomorphisms, FU/UF is a co/monad)
- * Mode theories for triple adjunctions (and with extra properties)

Theorem 2 (Completeness). *The syntax of adjoint logic determines a pseudofunctor $\mathcal{M} \rightarrow \mathbf{Adj}$:*

1. *An object p of \mathcal{M} is sent to the category whose objects are A type $_p$ and morphisms are derivations of $A[1_p] \vdash B$ quotiented by \approx , with identities given by ident and composition given by cut .*
2. *For each q, p , there is a functor from the category of morphisms $q \geq p$ to the category of adjoint functors between q and p .*
 - *Each $\alpha : q \geq p$ is sent to $F_\alpha \dashv U_\alpha$ in \mathbf{Adj} — F_α and U_α are functors and they are adjoint.*
 - *Each 2-cell $e : \alpha \Rightarrow \beta$ is sent to a conjugate pair of transformations $(F(e), U(e)) : (F_\alpha \dashv U_\alpha) \rightarrow (F_\beta \dashv U_\beta)$, and this preserves 1 and $e_1 \cdot e_2$.*
3. *$F_1 A \cong A$ and $U_1 A \cong A$ naturally in A , and these are conjugate, so there is an adjunction isomorphism P^1 between $F_1 \dashv U_1$ and the identity adjunction.*
4. *$F_{\beta \circ \alpha} A \cong F_\alpha (F_\beta A)$ and $U_{\beta \circ \alpha} A \cong U_\beta (U_\alpha A)$ naturally in A , and these are conjugate, so there is an adjunction isomorphism $P^\circ(\alpha, \beta)$ between $F_{\beta \circ \alpha} \dashv U_{\beta \circ \alpha}$ and the composition of the adjunctions $F_\alpha \dashv U_\alpha$ and $F_\beta \dashv U_\beta$. Moreover, this family of adjunction isomorphisms is natural in α and β .*
5. *Three coherence conditions between these identity and composition isomorphisms are satisfied.*